### FAIRMODE pilot MAŁOPOLSKA / POLAND

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### Air quality plans preparation

• In the Malopolska Region major problems relate to PM10 and PM2.5 concentrations.

Malopolska Region – apart from the PilotRegion exercise is involved in many other projects such as Life-IP or previously prepared AQP. Answers to following questions refer to activities planned in the scope of the Pilot Exercise only

- How do you identify the main sources of pollution in/to your domain?
  - In terms of activity sectors assessment is based on scenario analysis (several scenarios so far at 10km)
  - In terms of geographical sources this is planned in the future on the country scale (impact of voivodships)
- Which tool/approach do you use to identify sources? Are you aware of differences between "source apportionment" and "planning" approaches?
  - Emission reduction scenarios
- Do you perform any kind of "validation" of your results?
  - Evaluation of the base run against observations to present the reliability of the model
  - Emission balance analysis











### Future projections and measures

- How do you project in the future the current concentrations? Do you perform 'business as usual' scenarios for the future? Using which tools?
- How do you select additional measures to be applied? How do you evaluate impacts and costs of additional measures?
- The estimation of future emissions in Poland is not done in a coherent way, yet. There are separate strategies prepared by different ministries, not coordinated at the central level and not well reported.
- An attempt has been made to summarize activities/emissions projections in the scope of NATIONAL AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAMME (IN THE CONTEXT OF THE NEC DIRECTIVE)
- There are plans for some changes to the legislation (first step reporting on activities and projections)



### Uncertainty and governance

- Do you evaluate uncertainties of your results? How?
  - Up to now AQP were prepared and treated separately without evaluation at the national level
  - Changes in the legislation concerning AQP are being prepared (evaluation at the national level)
  - In the case of exceedances over a large part of the country there is a requirement in the current legislation to prepare a National Air Quality Plan
- Do you coordinate the air quality plan with other policies? i.e. National air pollution control programmes (NEC directive)? Covenant of Mayors? Mobility plans?
  - Simulation for NEC reduction showed significant contribution from transboundary transport AQP not coordinated with other policies (up to now), relatively weak impact on exceedances
  - NATIONAL AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAMMES BASED ON POLICIES AND AQP





### AQ Improvement Plan for Malopolska

- Atmoterm S.A.
- 5 scenarios (2023)
- CALPUFF model







But ... how about contribution from sources from surrounding regions ?

## AQP – country scale based on emission reduction assumptions





Based on AQP prepared for all voivdships No redution in EU assumed



### FAIRMODE tools

- Are you aware / are you using the source apportionment (SA) and planning FAIRMODE tools/resources?
  - DeltaSA tool  $\rightarrow$  NO
  - SPECIEUROPE database  $\rightarrow$  NO
  - Dynamic indicators in the delta tool  $\rightarrow$  NO
  - SHERPA → PLANNED
- If yes, explain how
  - Sensitivity scenarios will be calculated to run SHERPA
- If no, explain why
  - Receptor oriented approach → spatial distribution of sources too complex in the region





# Emission pattern (S7 and S2 without industry and agriculture)



#### IOŚ-PIB INSTYTUT OCHRONY ŚRODOWISK JANSTWOWY INSTYTUT OCHRONY ŚRODOWISK

### Summary

- Legislation changes related to AQ modelling
  - Centralised approach for the assessment and national AQP already in place
  - AQP in preparation
- Pilot exercise for Malopolska → lessons learned for the country scale analysis
- New high resolution BU emission inventory ongoing calculations for 2018 assessment → starting point for further analysis with SA and planning tools

