

Solutions & discussion

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		Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Group 5	Group 6	Guide solution
Ex 1	Full Impact	3	3, 4	3	3	3	3	■ ■ ■
	Partial Impact	3	3, 4	3	3	3	3, 1.5	■ ■ ■
	Receptor contribution	4	4, 4	4	4	4	4	■ ■ ■ ■
	Tagging contribution	3	3, 4	3	3	3	3, 4	■ ■ ■
	Increment	2	2, 2	2	2	2	2	■ ■

OK

Ex 2	Impact of a transport reduction of 50%	Impacts (50%)	30	30	30	30	30	45(15)	30%
		Tagging	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	Unknown
		Receptor	10-60	10-35	22.5	10+?	10-60	20(10)	Unknown
	Impact of a transport reduction of 75%	Impacts (50%)	45		45	45+?	not possible	same·1.25	Unknown
		Tagging	52.5		26	26.25	26.25	same·1.25	Unknown
		Receptor	15-65		26	15+?	15-65	same·1.25	Unknown

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	Receptor contribution	4	4, 4	4	4	4	4	■■■■	
	Tagging contribution	3	3, 4	3	3	3	3, 4	■■■	
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	Impact of a	Impacts (50%)	30	30	30	30	30	45(15)	30%
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		Receptor	15-65	26	26	15+?	15-65	same·1.25	Unknown

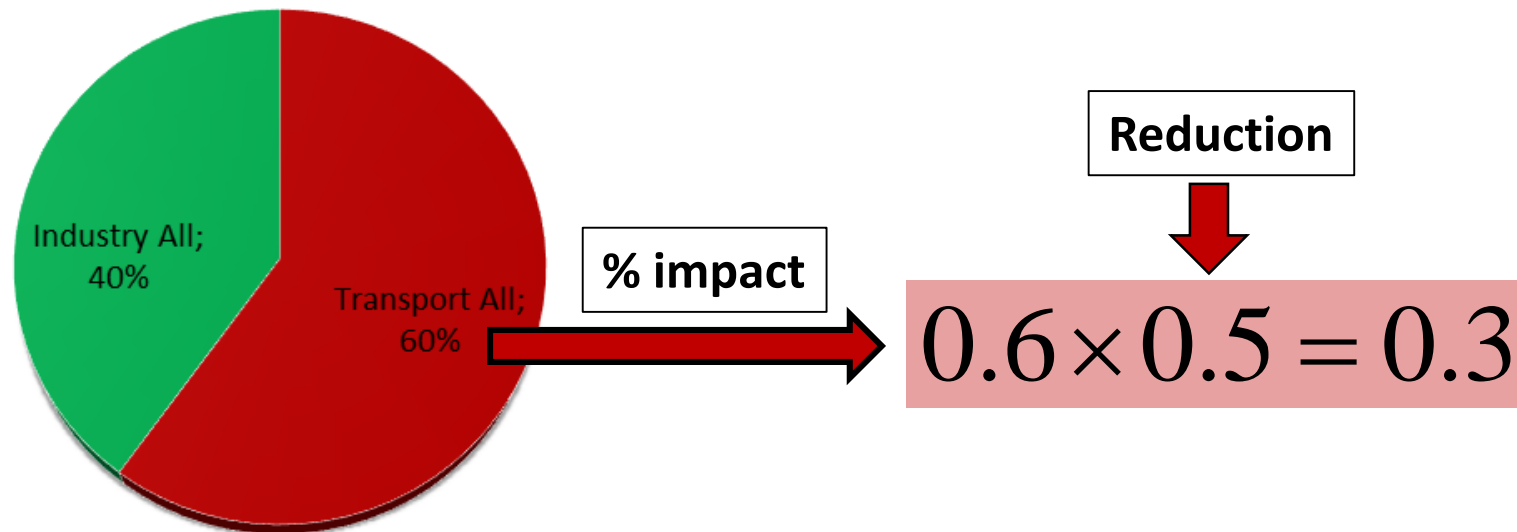
not OK

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Impacts

In Madrid, 3 research groups used 3 different Source Apportionment methods to evaluate the source of PM2.5

Impacts (based on 50%)



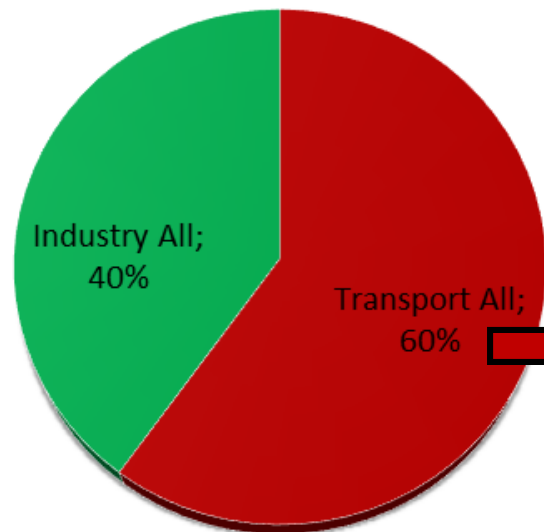
1. What is the PM2.5 concentration reduction that Madrid would achieve if **transport emissions are reduced by 50% reduction** with the 3 methods?

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Impacts

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Impacts (based on 50%)



% impact

Reduction

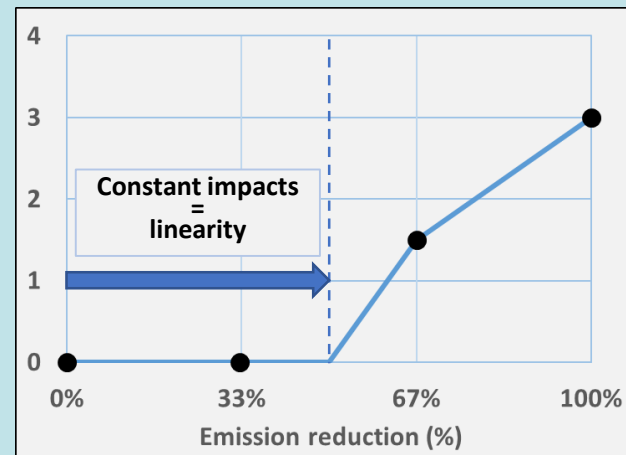
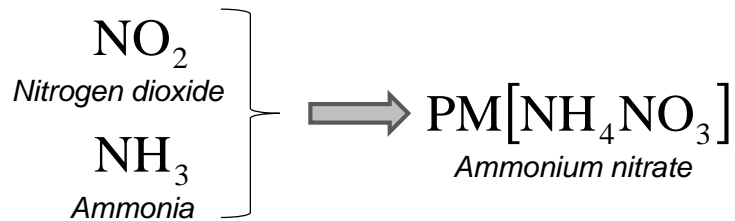
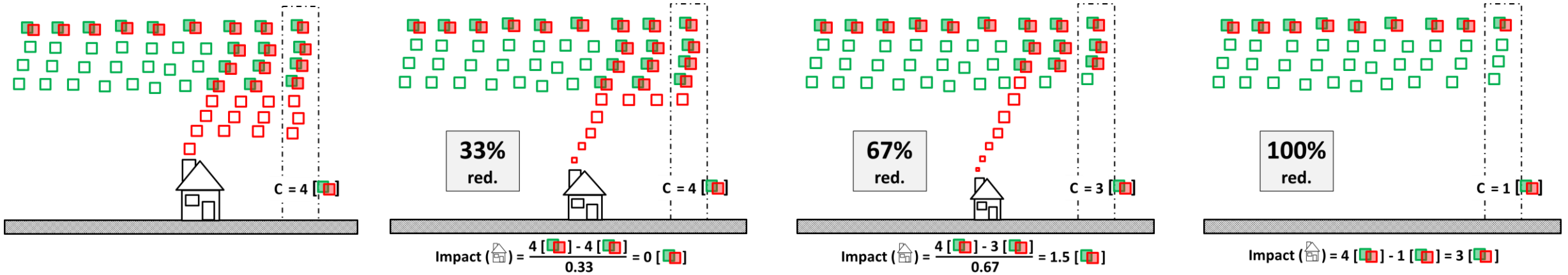
$$0.6 \times 0.75 = 0.45$$



Given that these sectors involve non linear species we can not make a linear extrapolation beyond 50% reduction

2. Same question with 75%

Linearity of the impacts

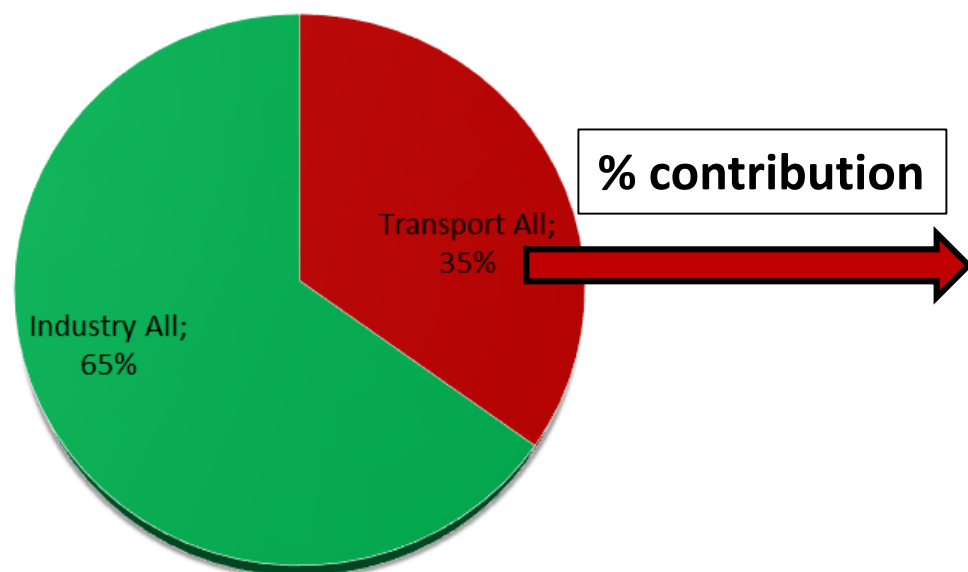


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	Impact of a transport reduction of 75%	Tagging	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	Unknown
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Tagging

In Madrid, 3 research groups used 3 different Source Apportionment methods to evaluate the source of PM2.5

Tagging contributions



Reduction

$$0.35 \times 0.5 = 0.175$$



Tagging contributions are not equal to impacts for non linear species

1. What is the PM2.5 concentration reduction that Madrid would achieve **if transport emissions are reduced by 50% reduction** with the 3 methods?

Tagging vs. impacts

