

Organic source apportionment with the ACSM – SoFi tool and intercomparison

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and the ACTRIS-ACSM community

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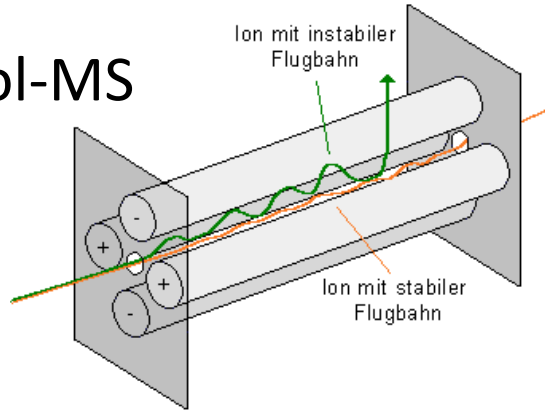
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³*INERIS, Verneuil-en-Halatte, France*

ACSM - mode of operation

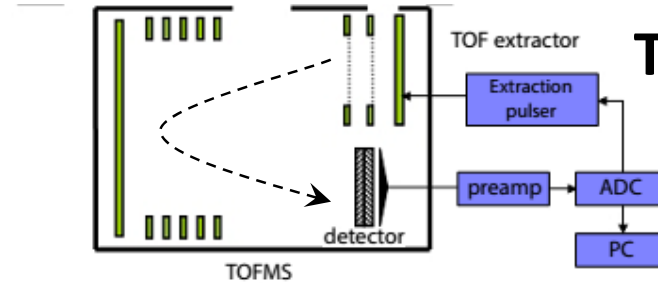
Quad-ACSM

Quadrupol-MS

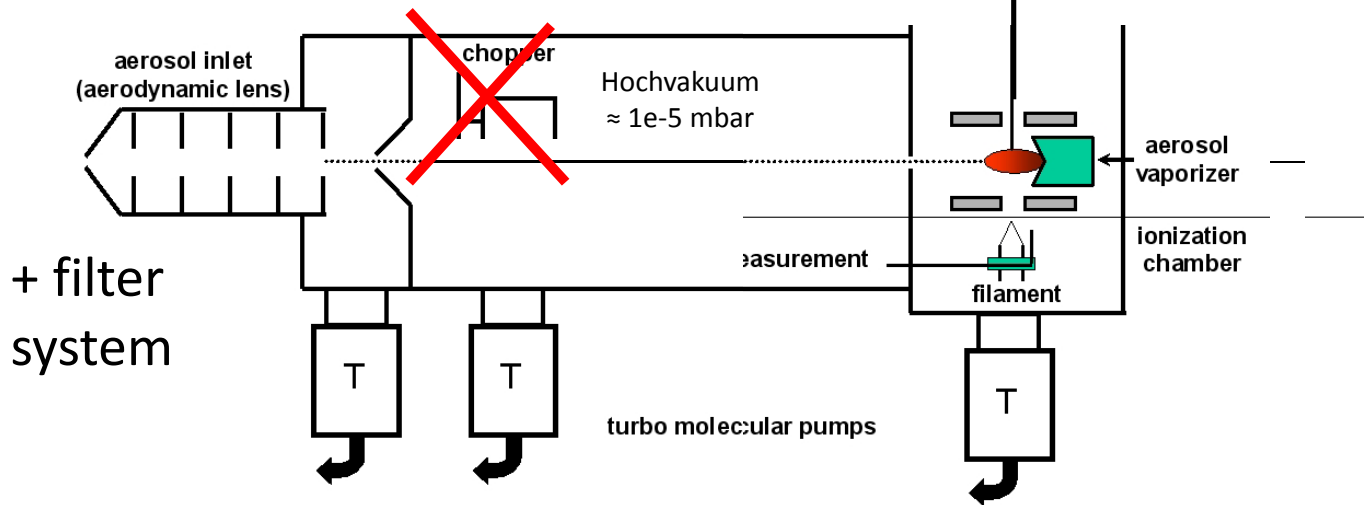


ToF-ACSM

ToF-MS

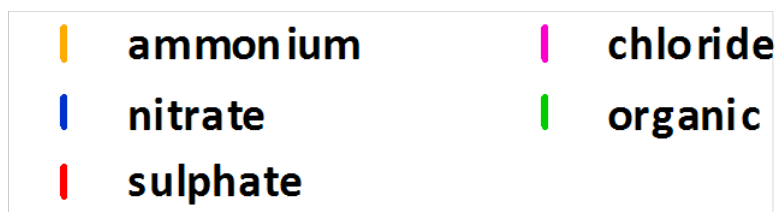
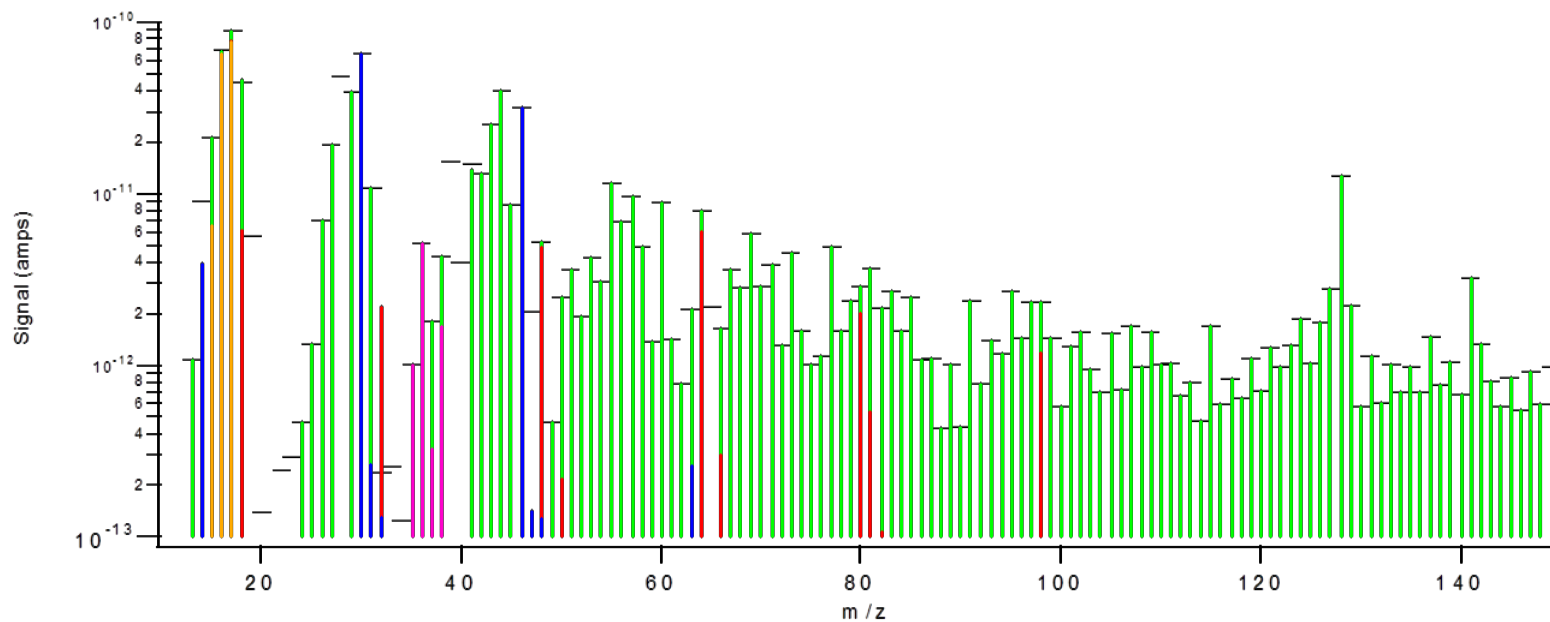


ACSM



Aerodynamic lens → Vaporizer → Ionizer → Mass spectrometer

Stick mass spectrum



- Time resolution: at least 30 minutes

ACTRIS ACSM network - I



> 20 locations where ACSM were/are measuring

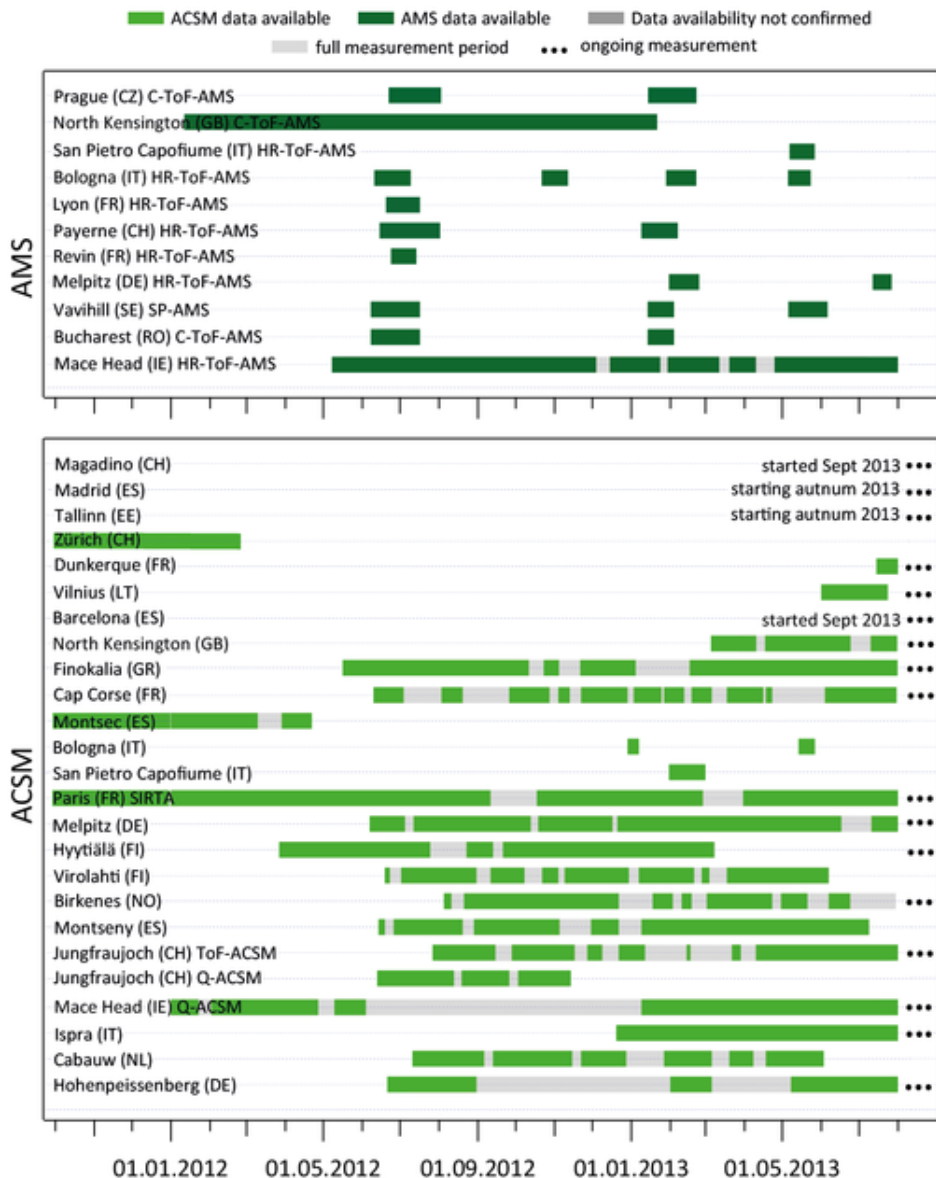
Mostly long-term deployments of at least 12 months

Coordinated operation with regular subgroup meetings

Additional datasets from AMS campaigns (EMEP)

Biggest coordinated ACSM measurement worldwide!

ACTRIS ACSM network - II



Check:

<http://www.psi.ch/acsm-stations/>

Overview paper
in prep. by Bressi et al.

Intercomparison at SIRTA near Paris

15 instruments were intercompared during 2 weeks
(13 ACSMs, one AMS, one ToF-ACSM)

ACSM ID	ACSM type	Station ID of ACSM location	Laboratory	Country
A140-104	Q-ACSM	Hyytiälä	University of Helsinki	Finland
A140-110	Q-ACSM	Montseny	IDAEA-CSIC	Spain
A140-113	Q-ACSM	Sirta	LSCE	France
A140-133	Q-ACSM	Mace Head	NUIG	Ireland
A140-134	Q-ACSM	Hohenpeissenberg	DWD	Germany
A140-142	Q-ACSM	Cape Corsica	LSCE	France
A140-143	Q-ACSM	Melpitz	TROPOS	Germany
A140-144	Q-ACSM	Birkenes	NILU	Norway
A140-145	Q-ACSM	Cabauw	PSI	Switzerland
A140-151	Q-ACSM	Ispra	ENEA	Italy
A140-152	Q-ACSM	Bologna	ISAC-CNR	Italy
A140-153	Q-ACSM	Madrid	CIEMAT	Spain
A140-156	Q-ACSM	North Kensington	King's College	UK
A003	ToF-ACSM	Jungfrauoch	PSI	Switzerland

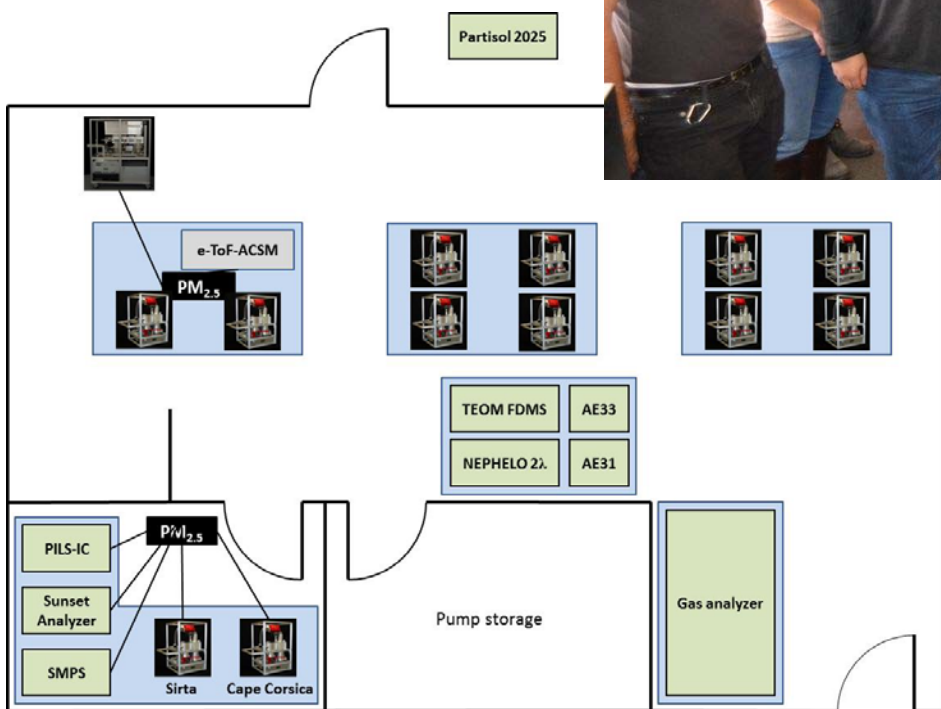
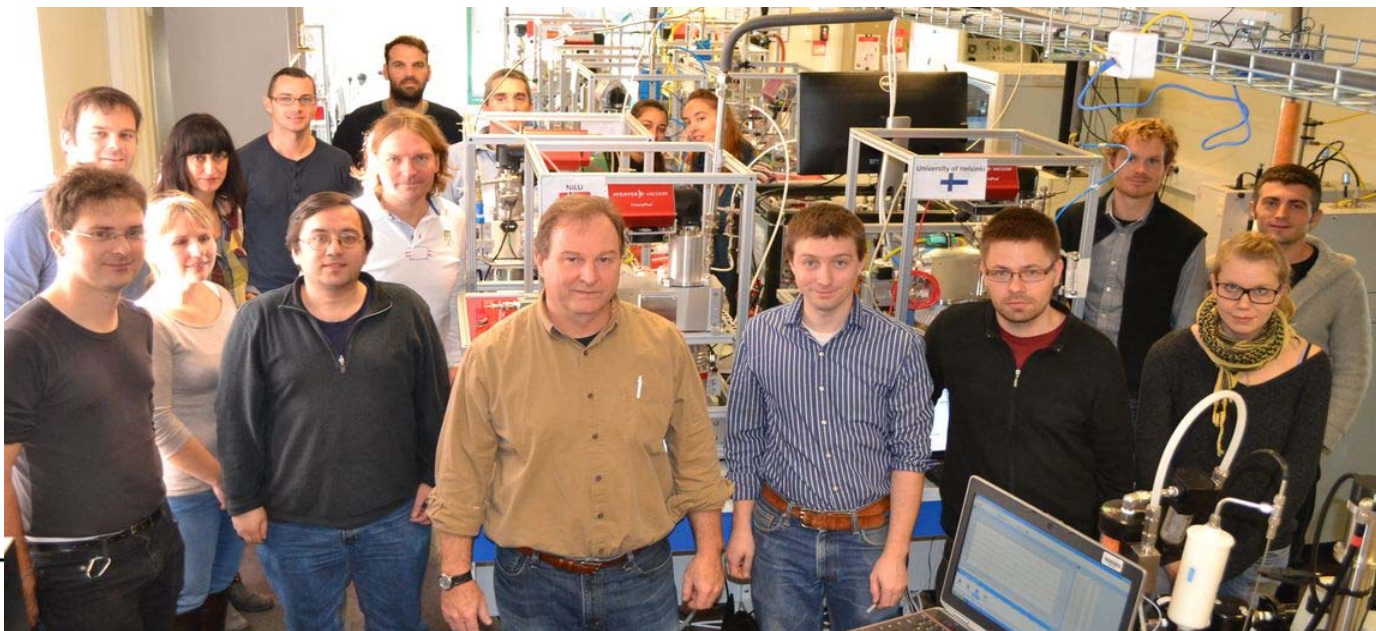
Intercomparison at SIRTA near Paris

Organized by:

J. Sciare, LSCE

V. Cretnn, LSCE

O. Favez, INERIS



3 groups of 4 ACSMs common PM_{2.5} inlet / group
One dryer / ACSM

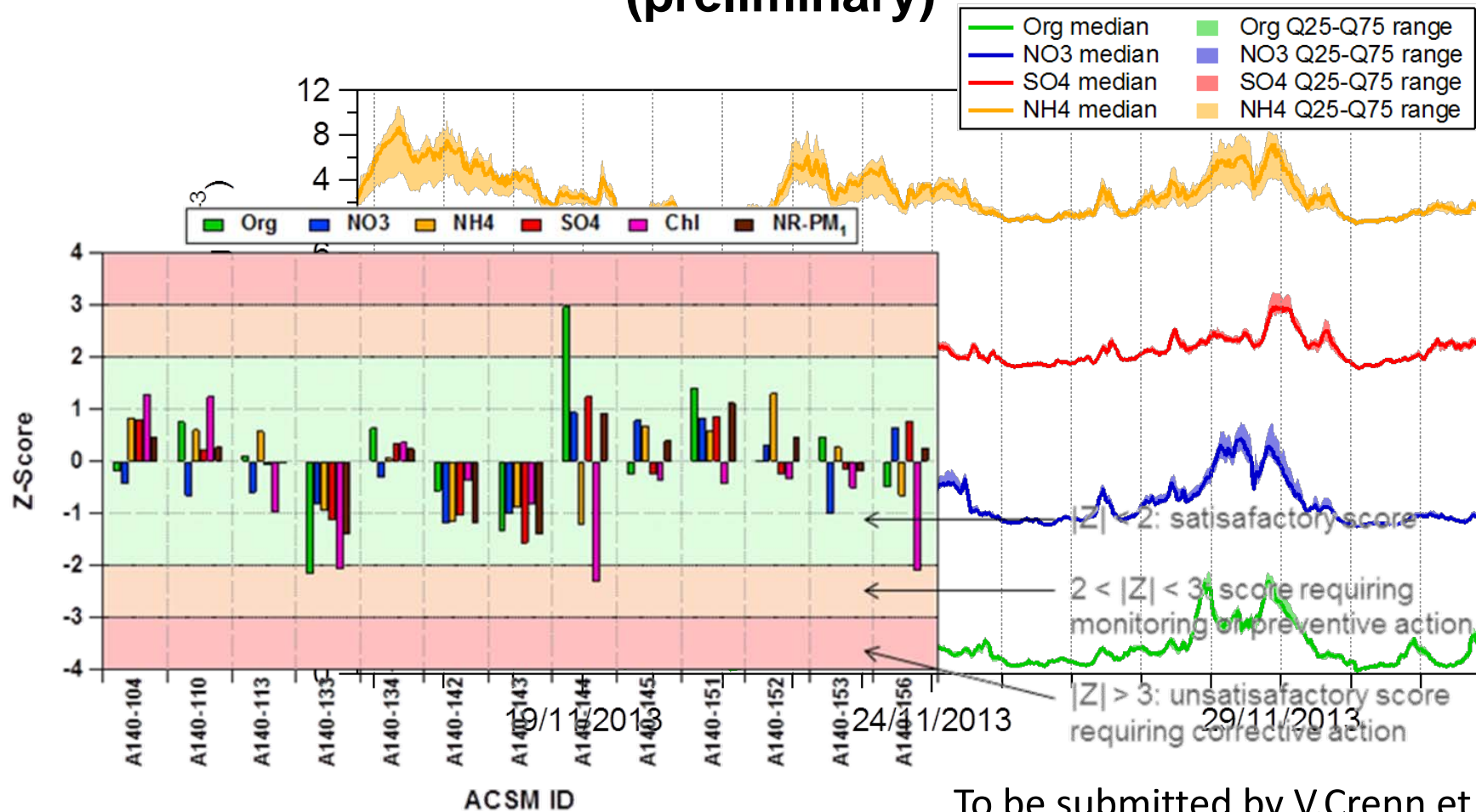
1SMPS (INERIS) qualified by TROPOS (ACTRIS intercomparison Sept. 2013)

➤ Co-located instruments

TEOM-FDMS (PM1), SMPS (PM1), PILS-IC (PM1), PILS-MS (PM1),
OCEC Sunset Inst. (PM1), PARTISOL (PM1), NEPHELOMETER (PM1)
AETHALOMETER (PM1), PTR-MS

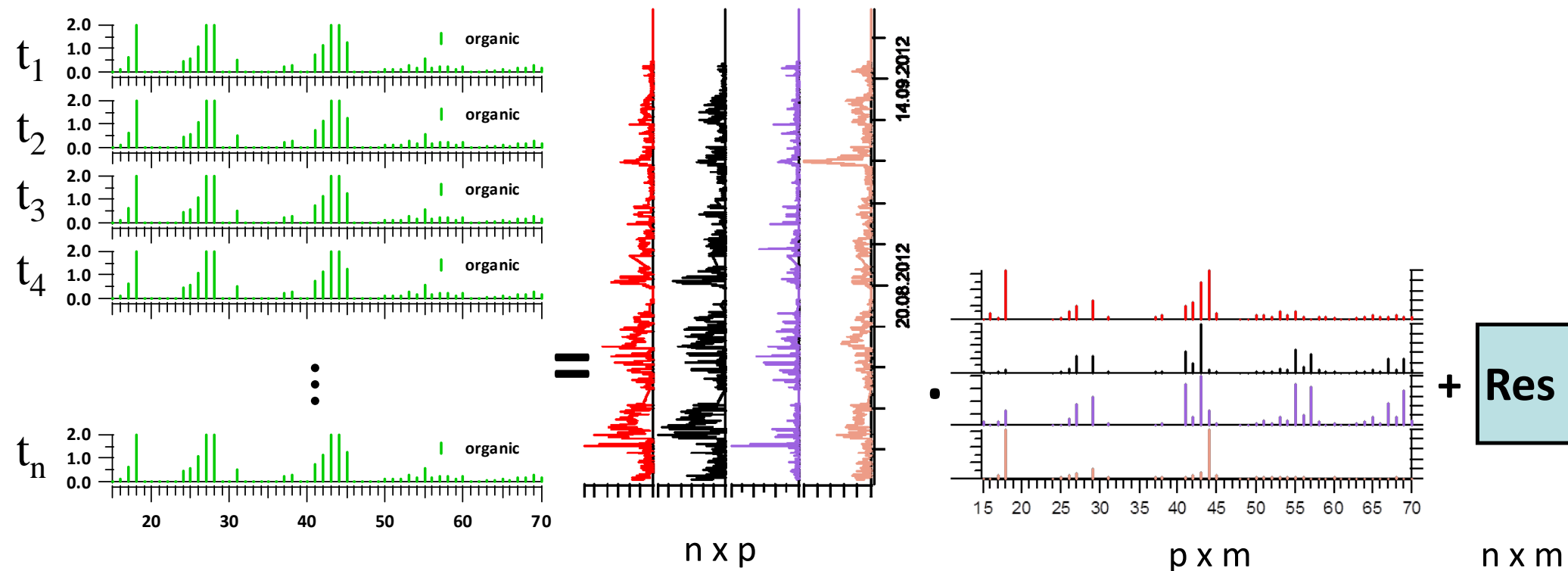
Intercomparison at Paris (15 instruments)

Comparison of concentrations without outliers (preliminary)



To be submitted by V.Crenn et al.

PMF basics:

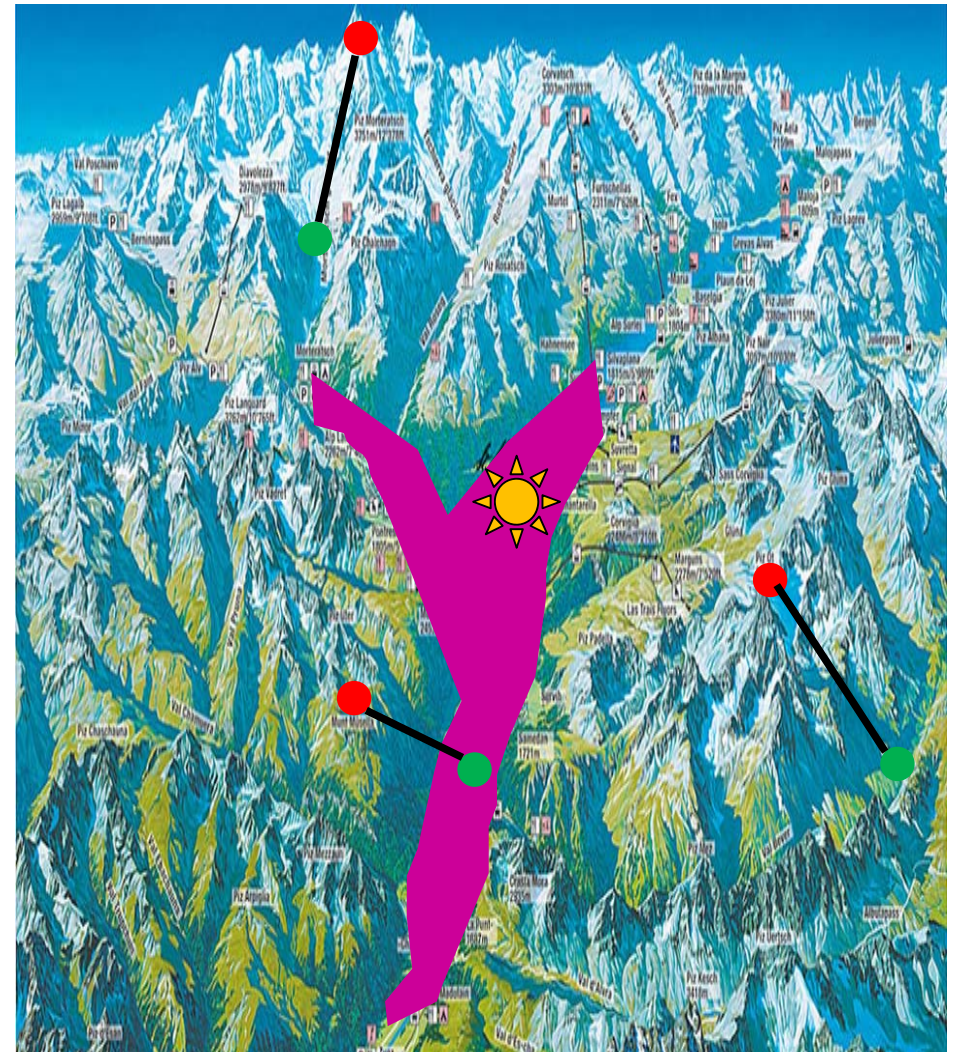


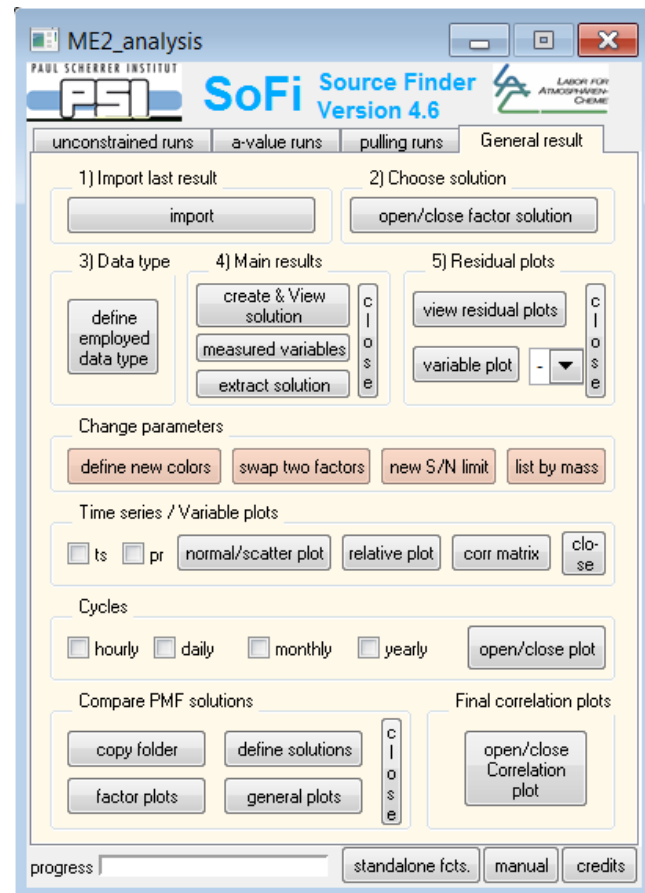
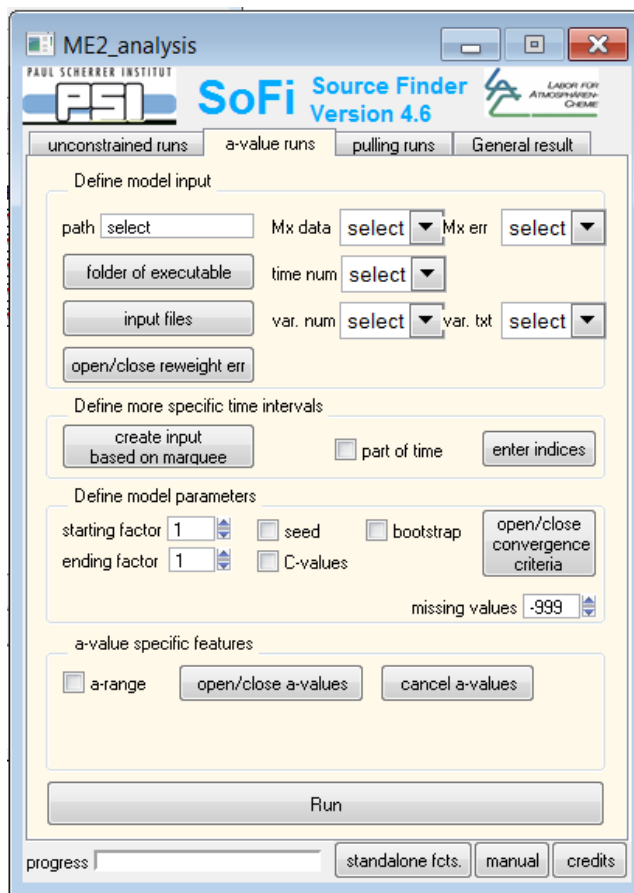
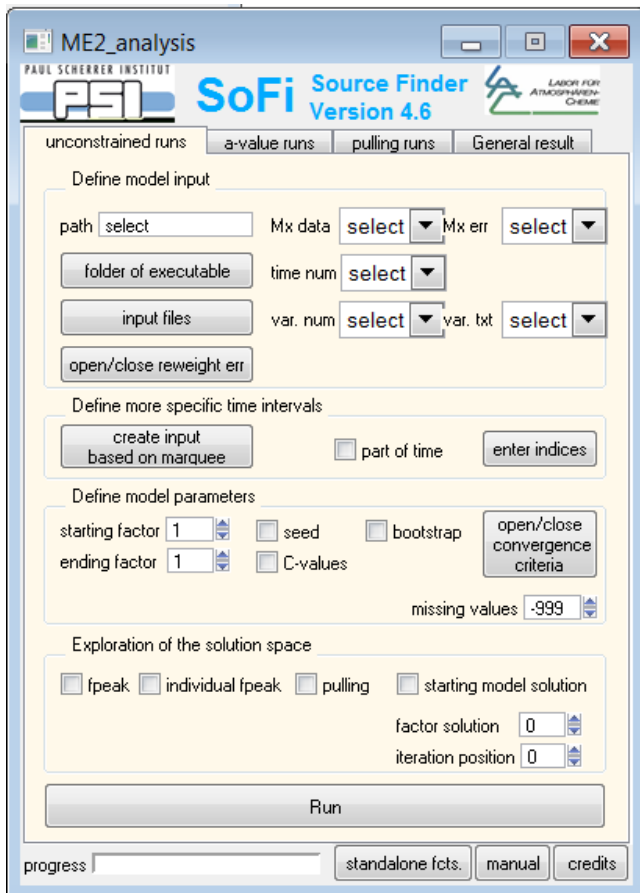
ACSM output: organics
 UMR $n \times m$ matrix
 n: # spectra (e.g. every 30 min)
 m: m/Q

Factorization into
 p factors (sources)
 In this case: $p = 4$

- ❑ For illustration: Residual $Q = h(x,y)$ on a map
- ❑ PMF algorithm minimizes Q following the steepest descent (from red to the green point) -> different starting points (seeds)
- ❑ Goal is to find the smallest possible Q -value (global minimum) (violet area)
- ❑ “true” solution: ☀
- ❑ There are many points on the map, for which $h(x,y)$ is equal → rotational ambiguity

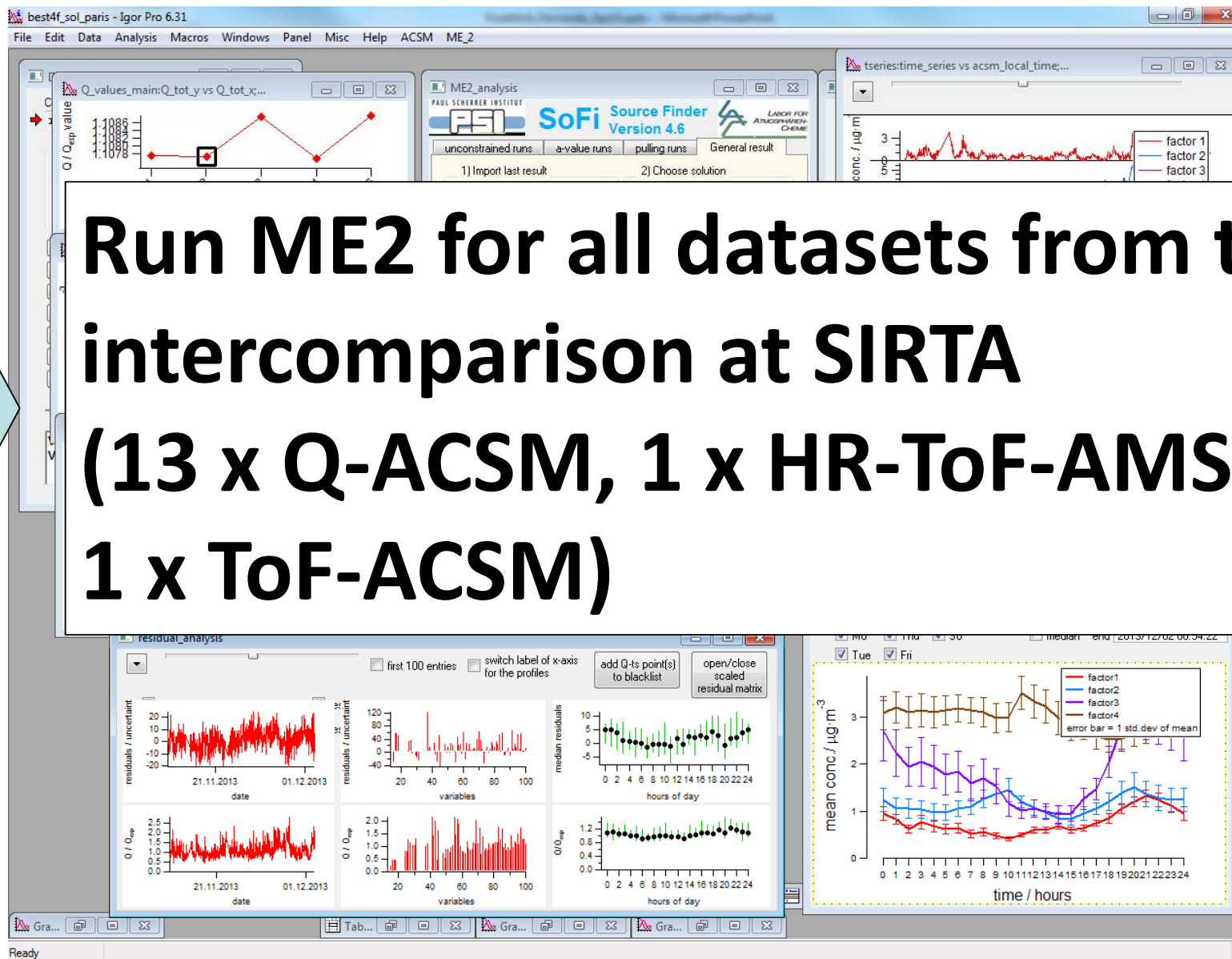
Explore the rotational ambiguity,
e.g. with ME2

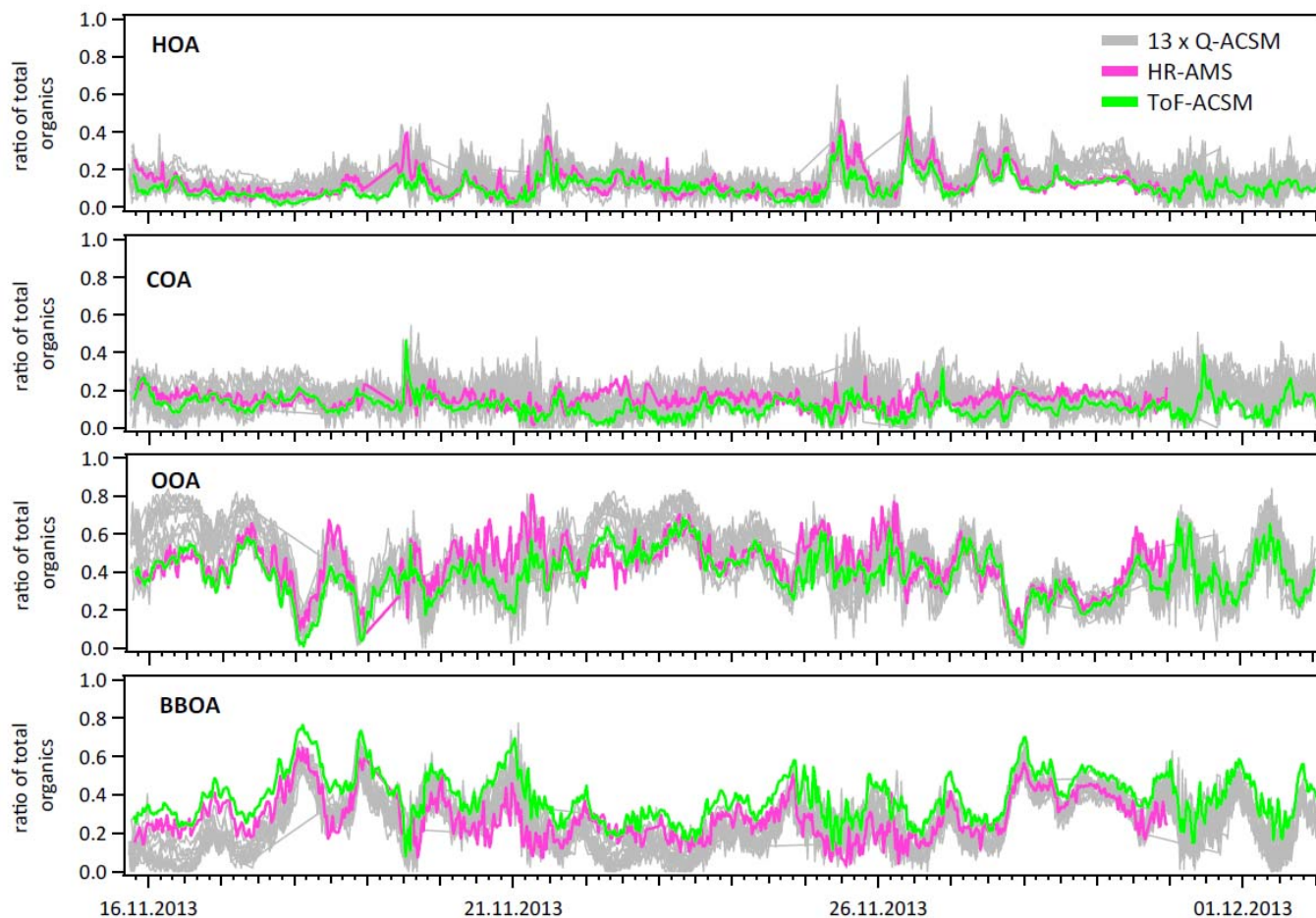




SoFi = Source Finder: <http://psi.ch/hgdp>

Canonaco et al., AMT 2013





preliminary

4 Factors -> sources identified

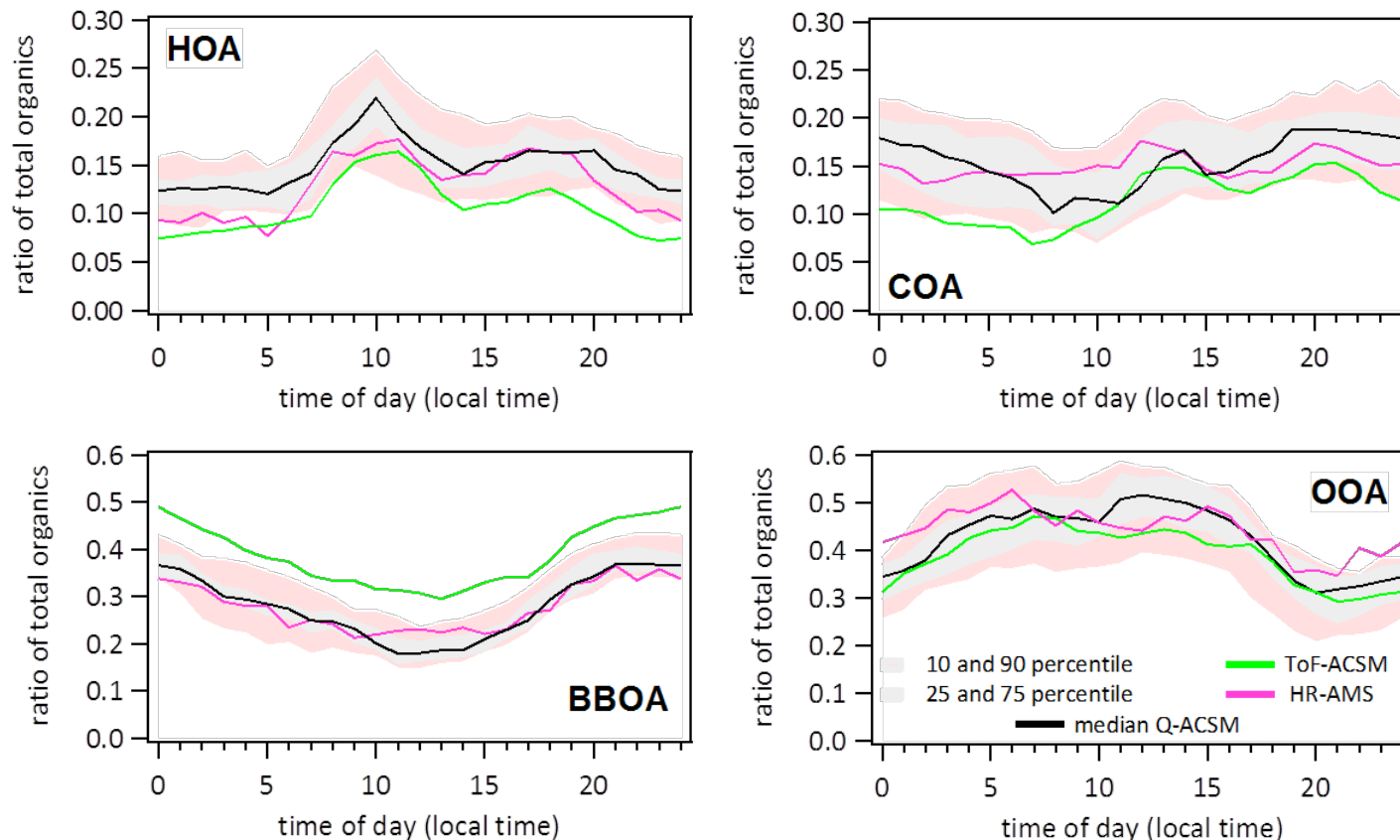
HOA: Hydrocarbon-like OA

COA: Cooking-like OA

BBOA: Biomass burning-like OA

OOA: Oxygenated OA (secondary)

4-Factor solution: diurnals

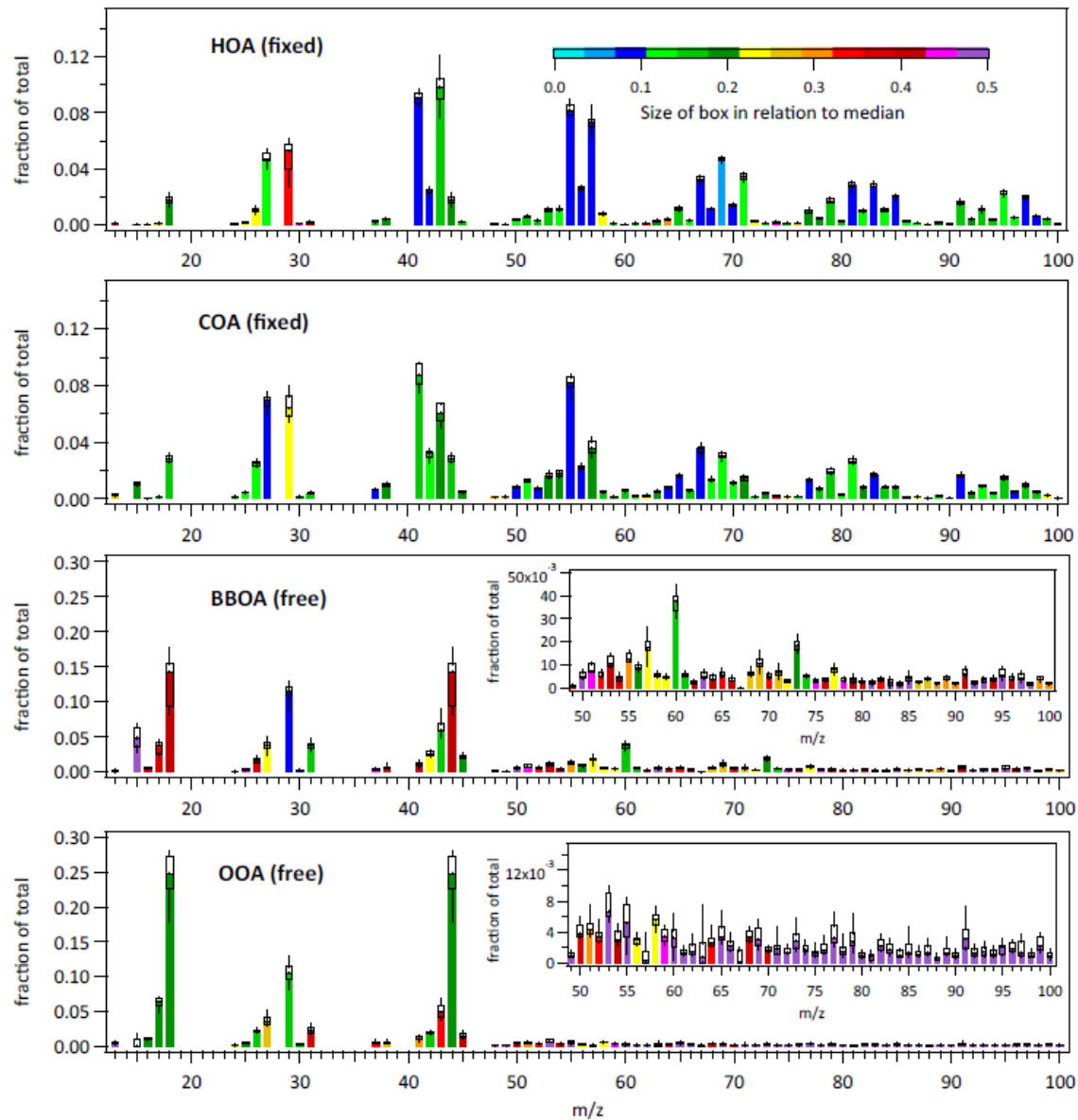


preliminary

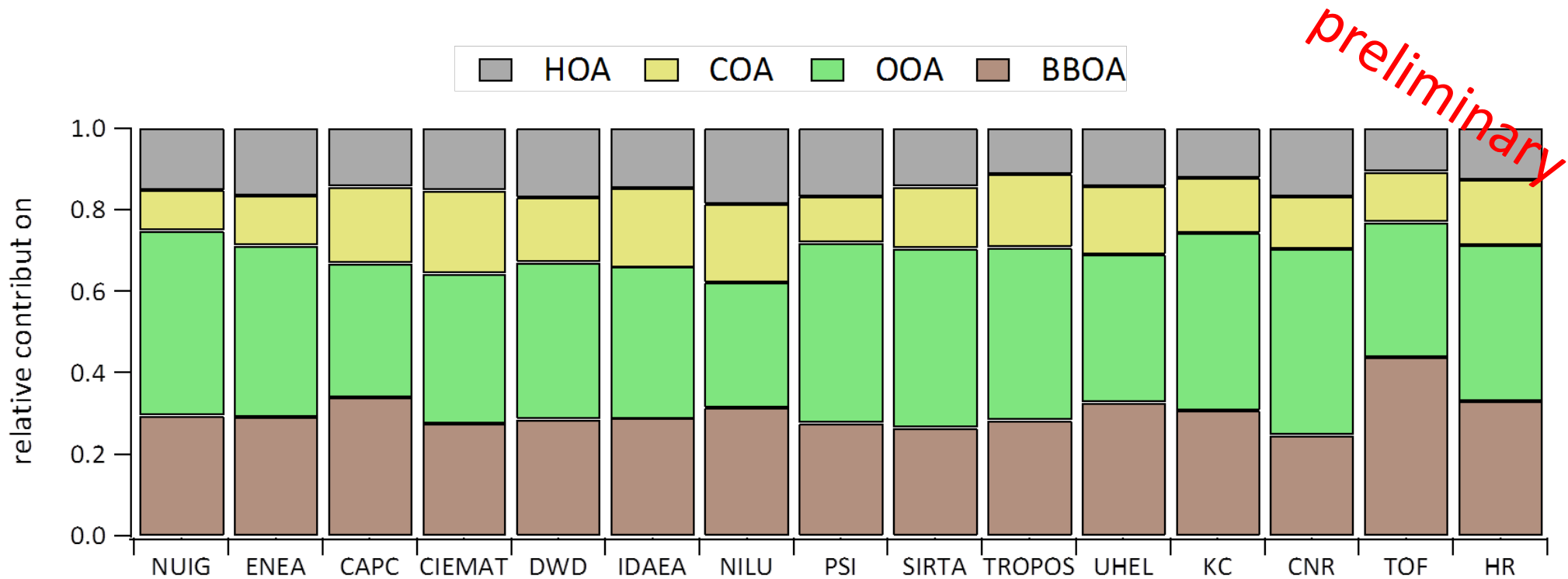
+ correlations to tracers

HOA: Hydrocarbon-like OA
 BBOA: Biomass burning-like OA

COA: Cooking-like OA
 OOA: Oxygenated OA (secondary)

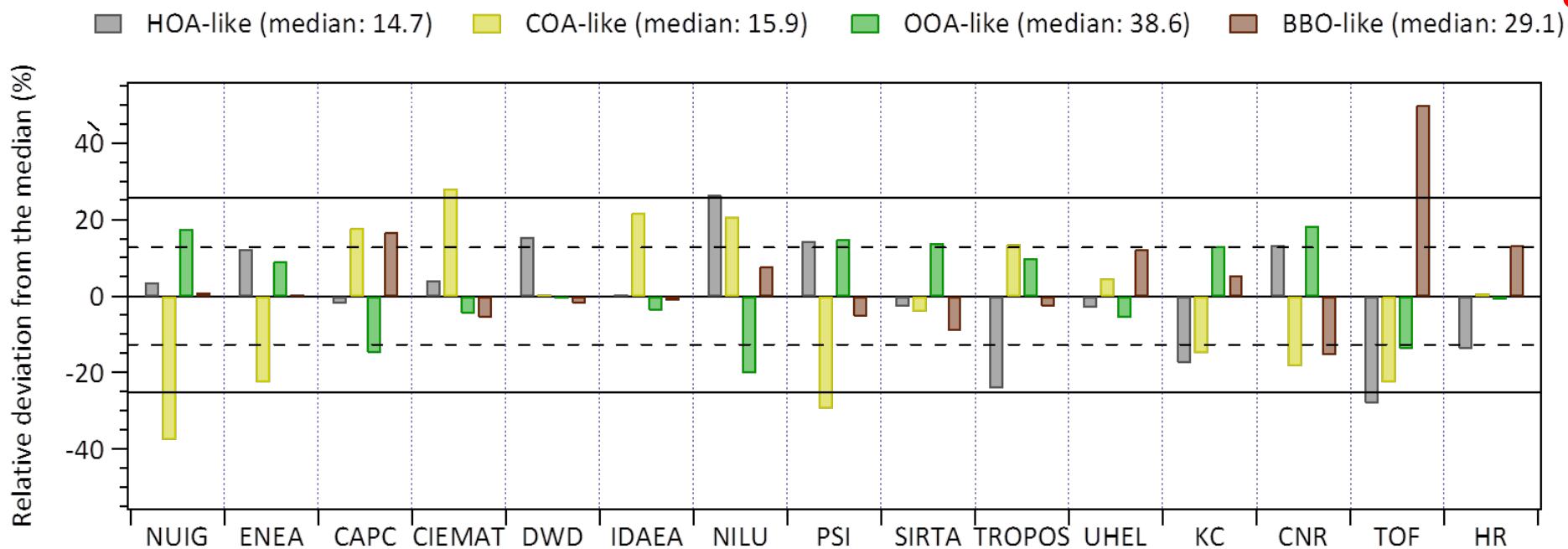


preliminary



	HOA	COA	BBOA	OOA
Average cont. +/- sdev (%)	14.9 +/- 2.3	15.8 +/- 3.3	30.7 +/- 4.5	39.7 +/- 4.5

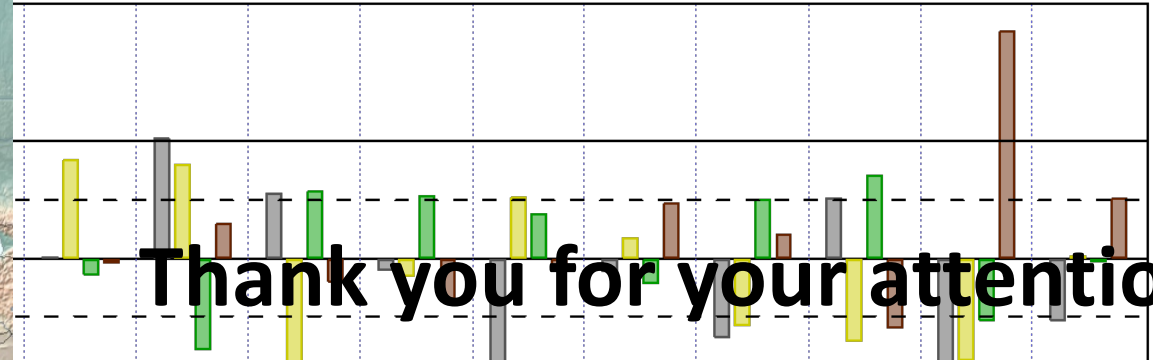
preliminary



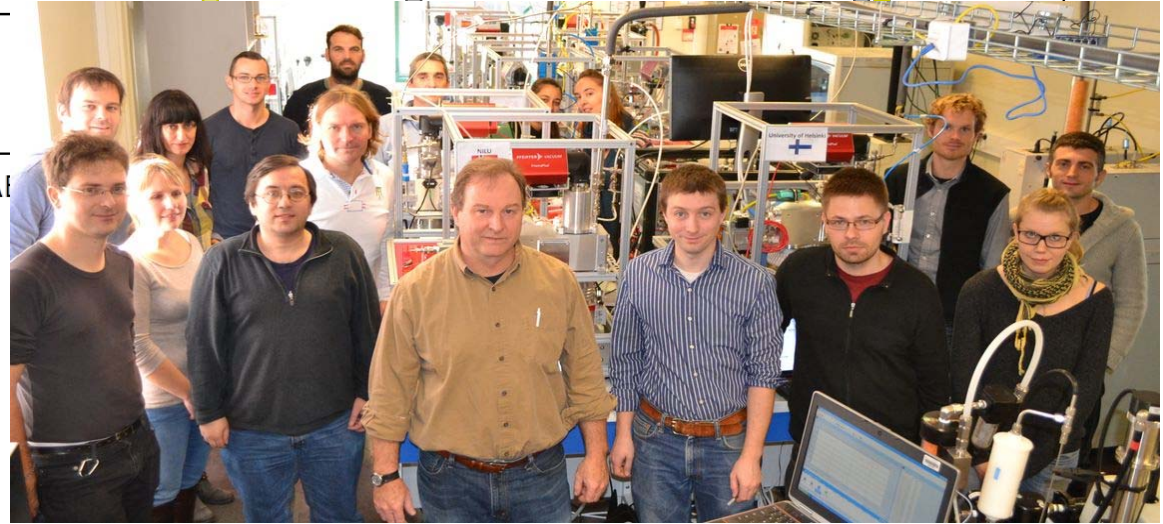
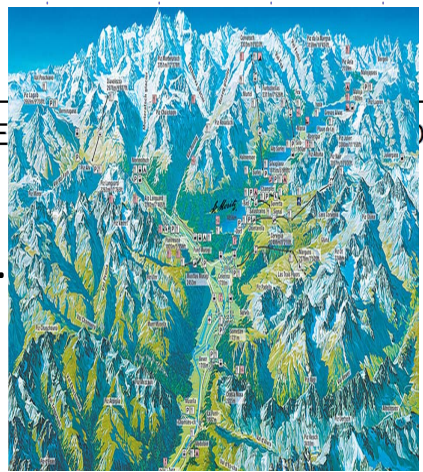
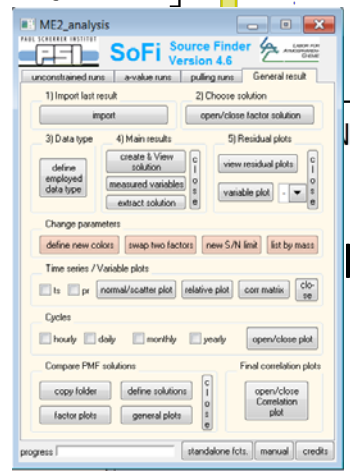
Fröhlich et al. to be submitted



like (median: 15.9) ■ OOA-like (median: 38.6) ■ BBO-like (median: 29.1)



Thank you for your attention



ME-2 – Intercomparison with Paris dataset

