

# FAIRMODE – CT9

## Simulations of the Madrid Ozone Episode (CIEMAT)

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FAIRMODE Technical Meeting  
06/10 - 08/10 (online)

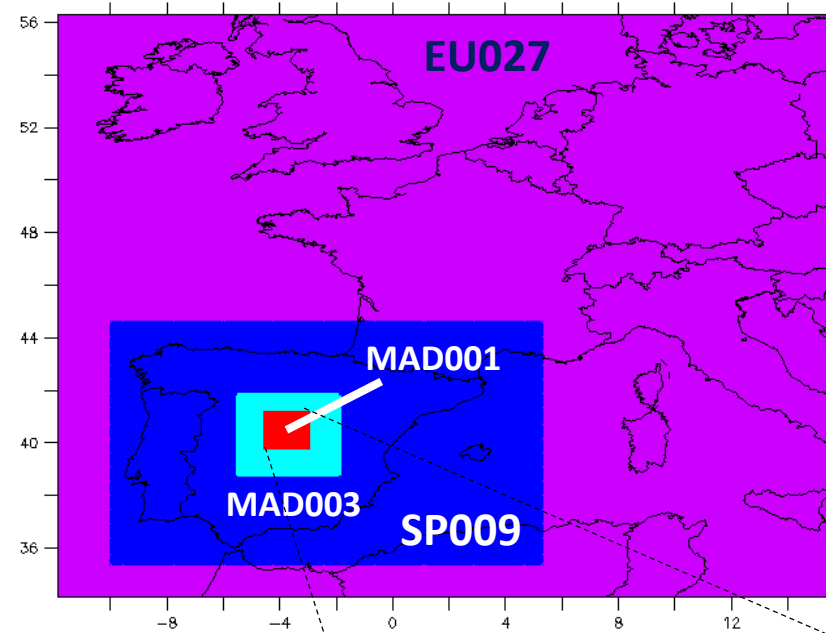
# MODELING SET-UP

- Case: **Madrid Ozone Episode**
- Time period: **01/07/2015 – 05/07/2015**
- Simulation start: **5 days before**
- **Base case + 6 emissions reduction scenarios**
  - NOx reduced by 25%
  - NOx reduced by 50%
  - VOCs reduced by 25%
  - VOCs reduced by 50%
  - NOx and VOCs reduced by 25%
  - NOx and VOCs reduced by 50%

Model: **CHIMERE v2017**

Meteo: **IFS**

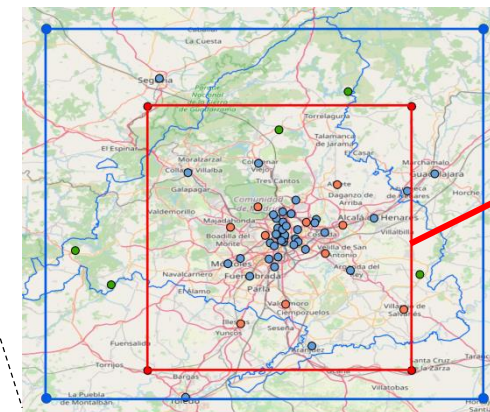
Emissions: **EMEP + NEI, 2015**



**Domains simulated**

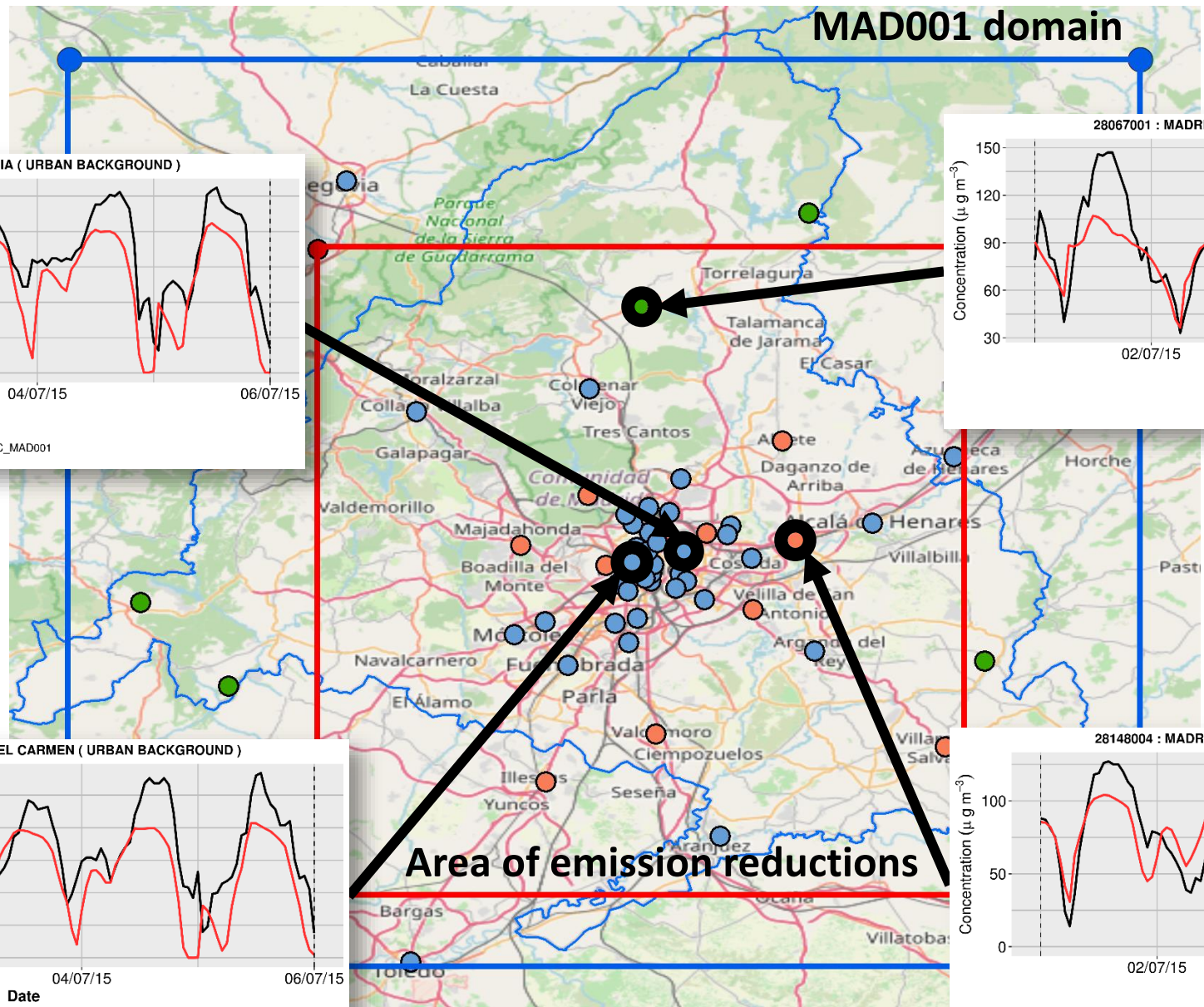
**EU027: 0.27° x 0.27°**  
**SP09: 0.09° x 0.09°**  
**MAD003: 0.03° x 0.03°**  
**MAD001: 0.01° x 0.01°**

**MAD001**

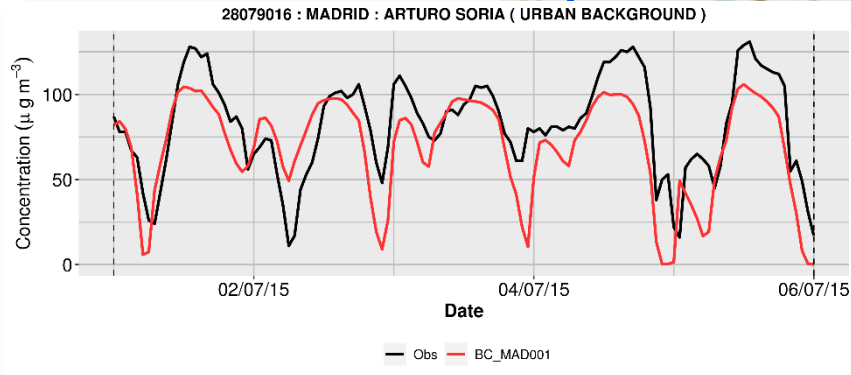


**Area of emission reductions**

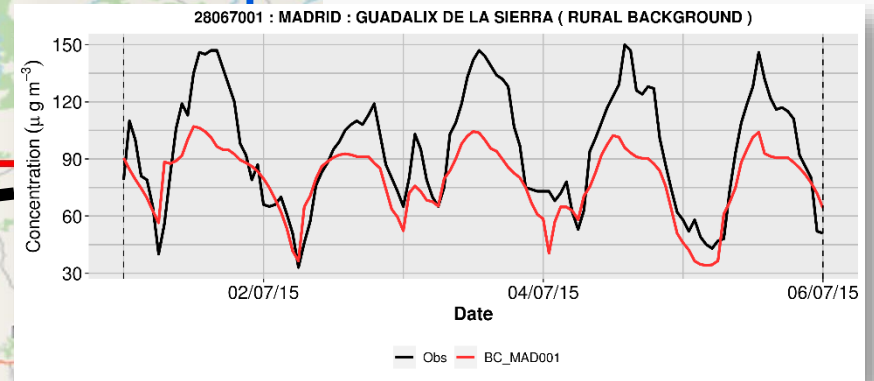
# Visual evaluation of the BASE CASE



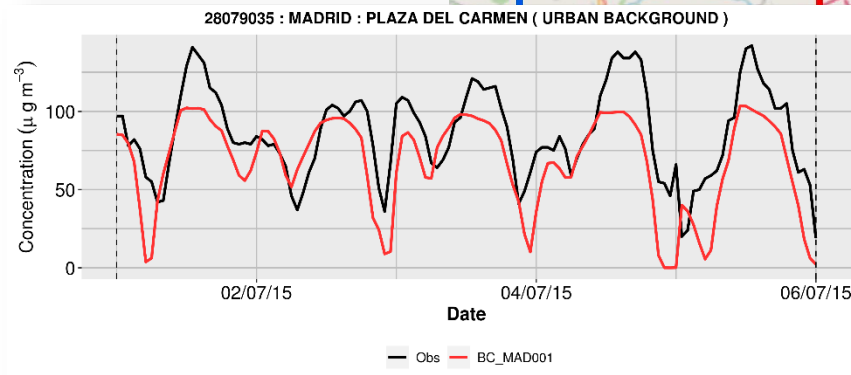
## Urban background



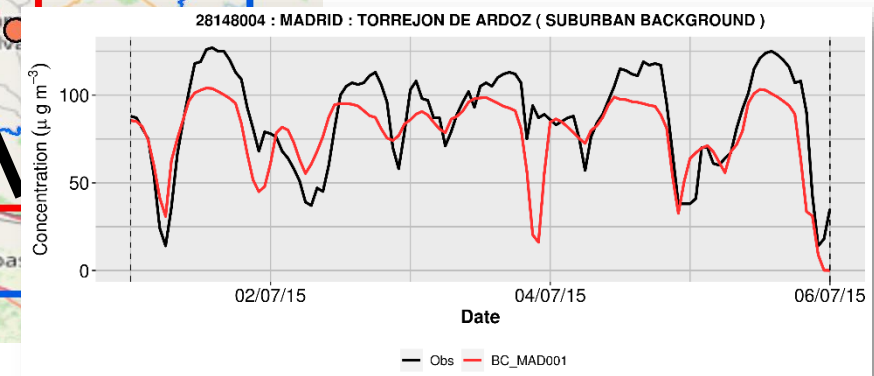
## Rural background



## Urban background

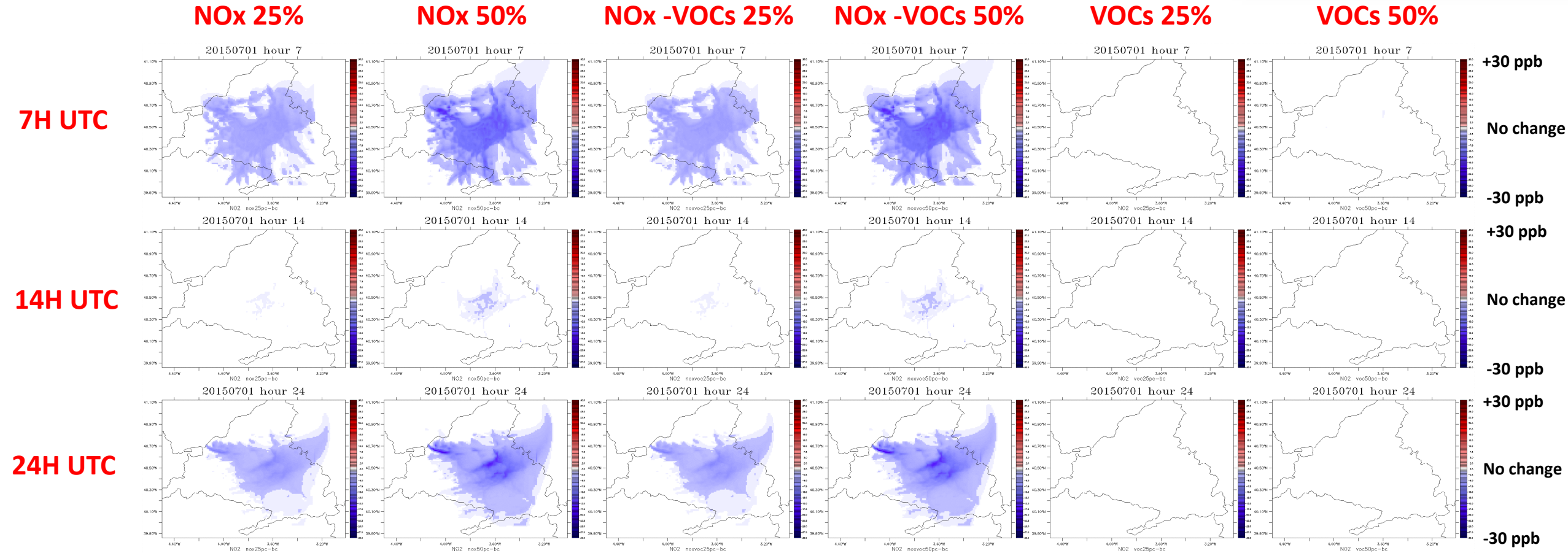


## Suburban background



Area of emission reductions

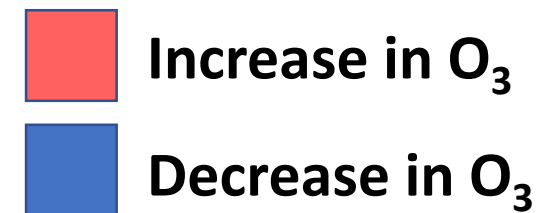
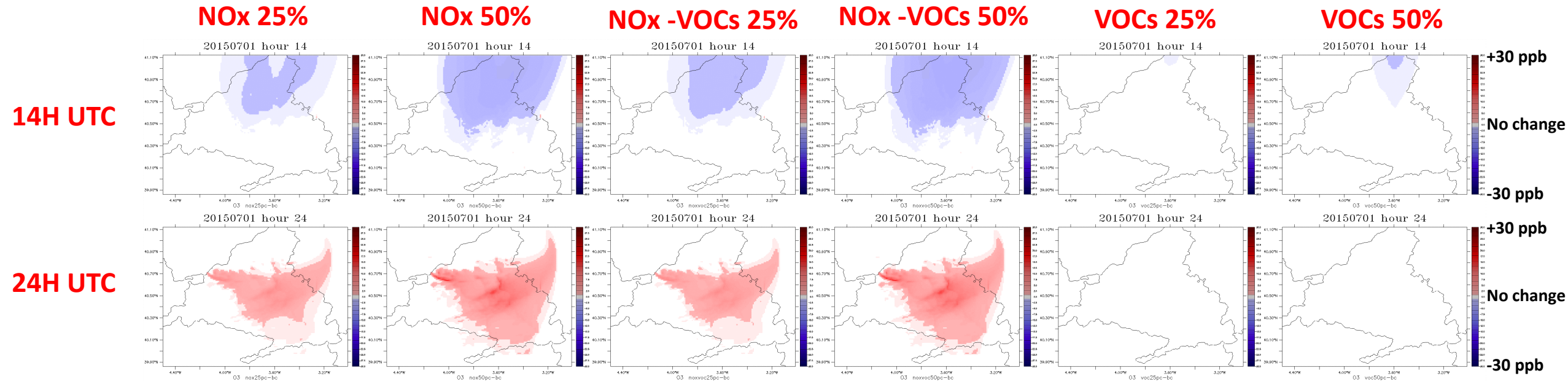
# Results: NO<sub>2</sub> with respect to base case (1<sup>st</sup> July 2015)



- Maximum decrease in concentration at 7h and 24h
- Slight decrease in urban areas at 14h
- No effect of VOC reduction

 **Decrease in NO<sub>2</sub>**

# Results: O<sub>3</sub> with respect to base case (1<sup>st</sup> July 2015)



- Decreased concentration at 14h
- Increased concentration at 24h
- Almost no effect of VOC reduction

# Results: Effect of emission reductions on nighttime O<sub>3</sub> and NO<sub>2</sub>

➤ 2<sup>nd</sup> July 0:00

**NO<sub>x</sub> 25%**

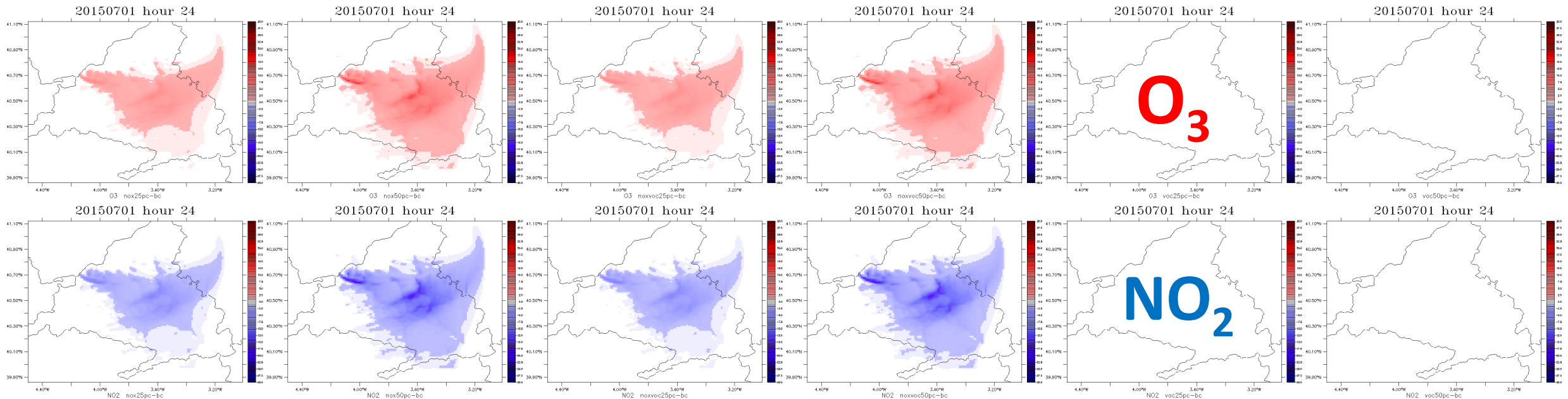
**NO<sub>x</sub> 50%**

**NO<sub>x</sub> -VOCs 25%**

**NO<sub>x</sub> -VOCs 50%**

**VOCs 25%**

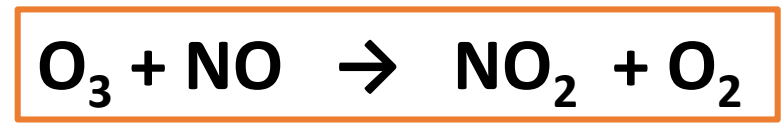
**VOCs 50%**



**Increase in O<sub>3</sub>**



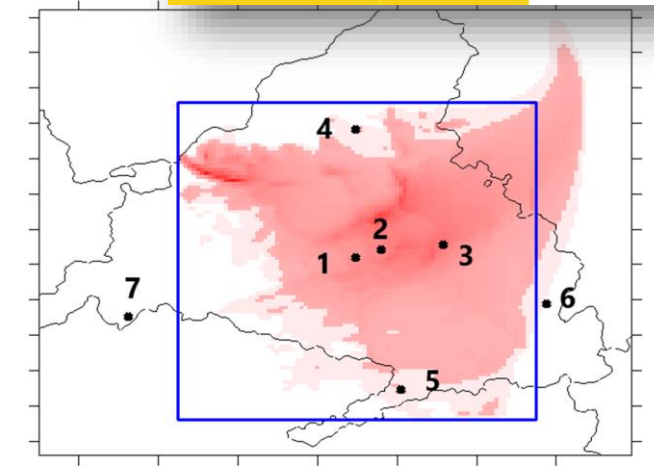
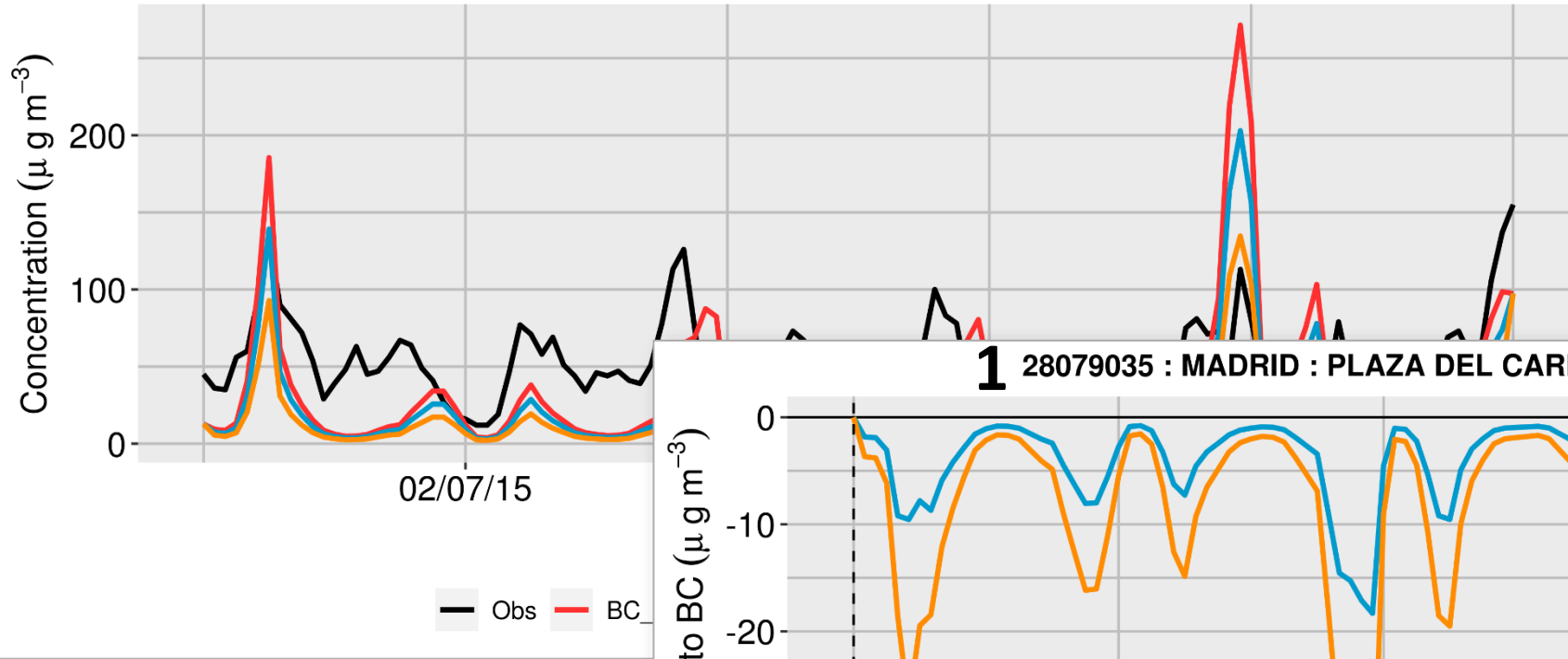
**Decrease in NO<sub>2</sub>**



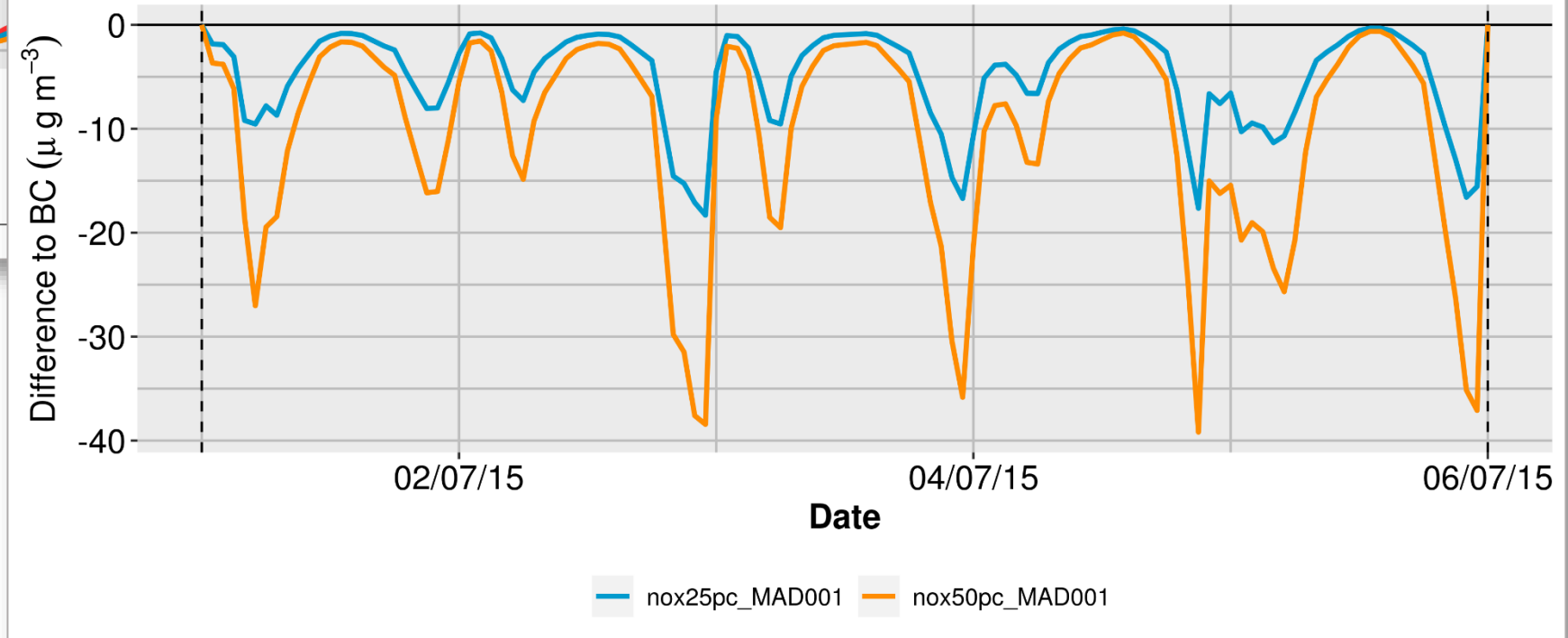
# Results: NO<sub>2</sub>

## Urban background

1 28079035 : MADRID : PLAZA DEL CARMEN ( URBAN BACKGROUND )

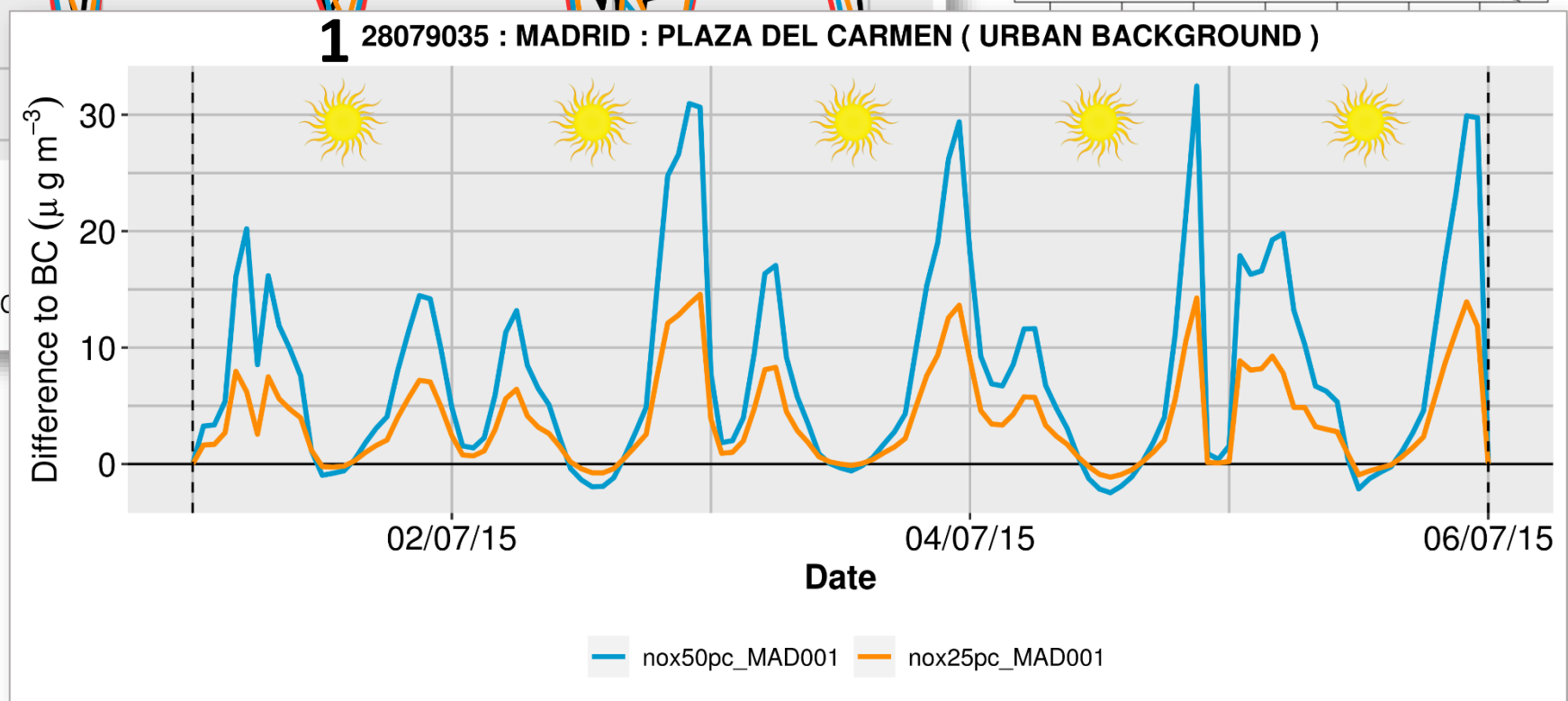
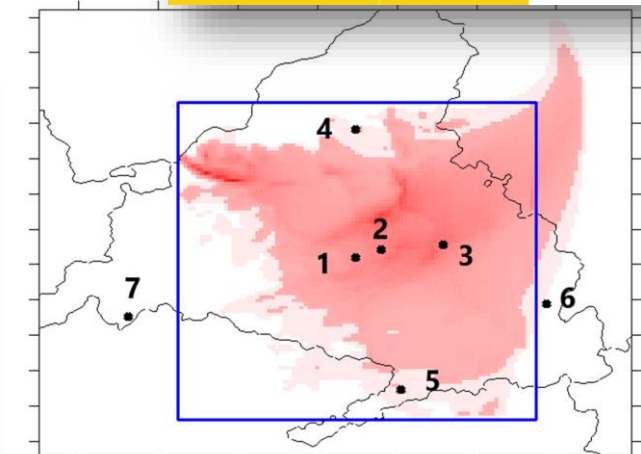
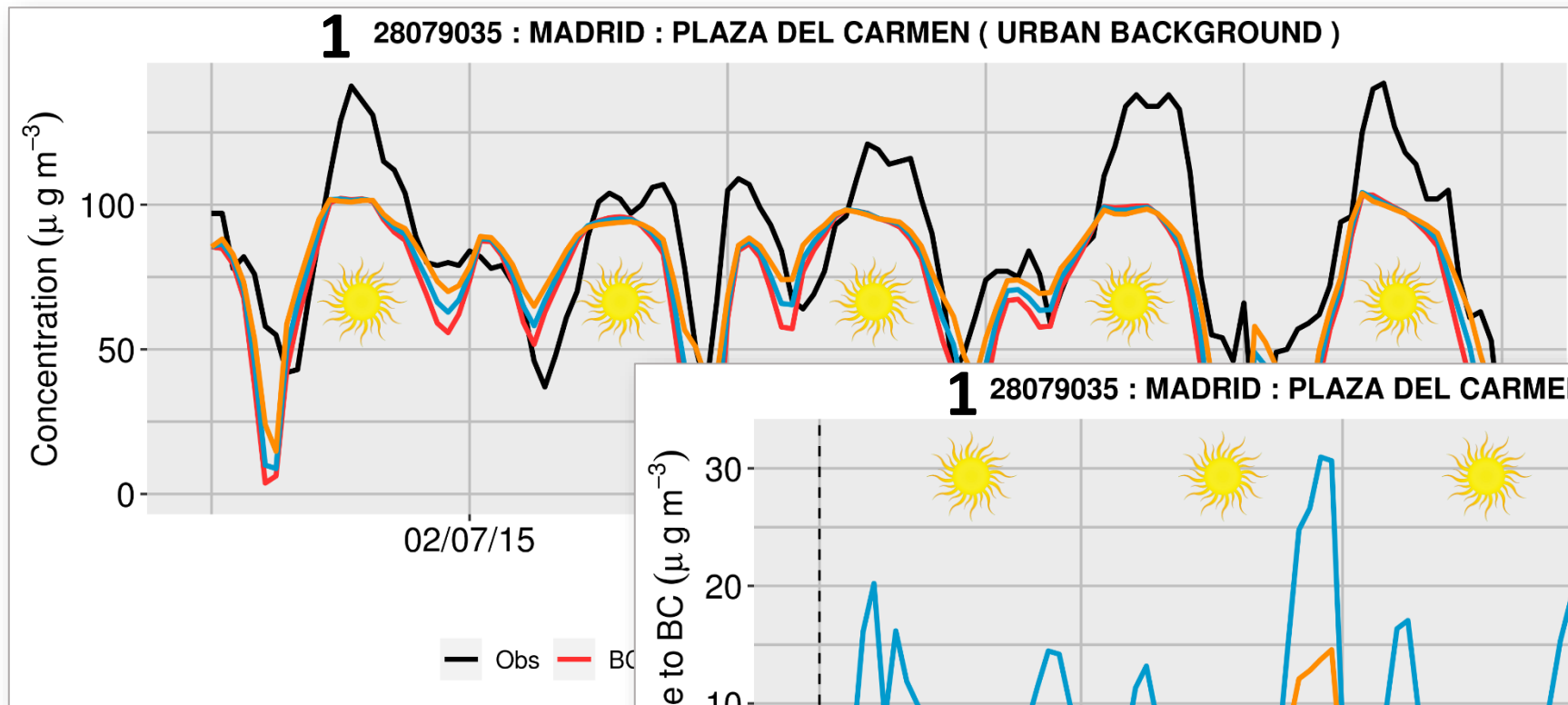


1 28079035 : MADRID : PLAZA DEL CARMEN ( URBAN BACKGROUND )



# Results: O<sub>3</sub>

## Urban background

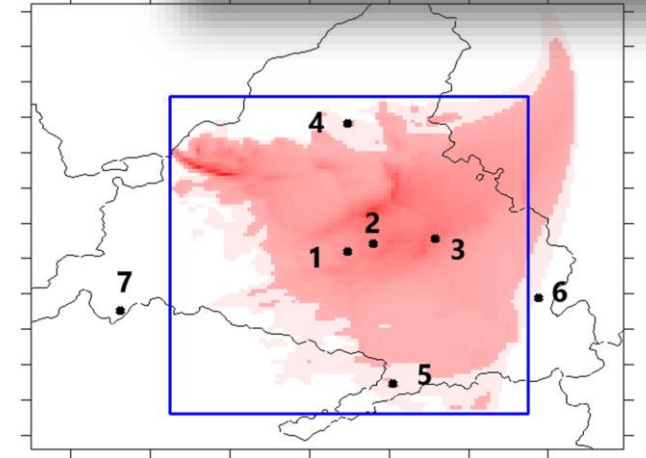
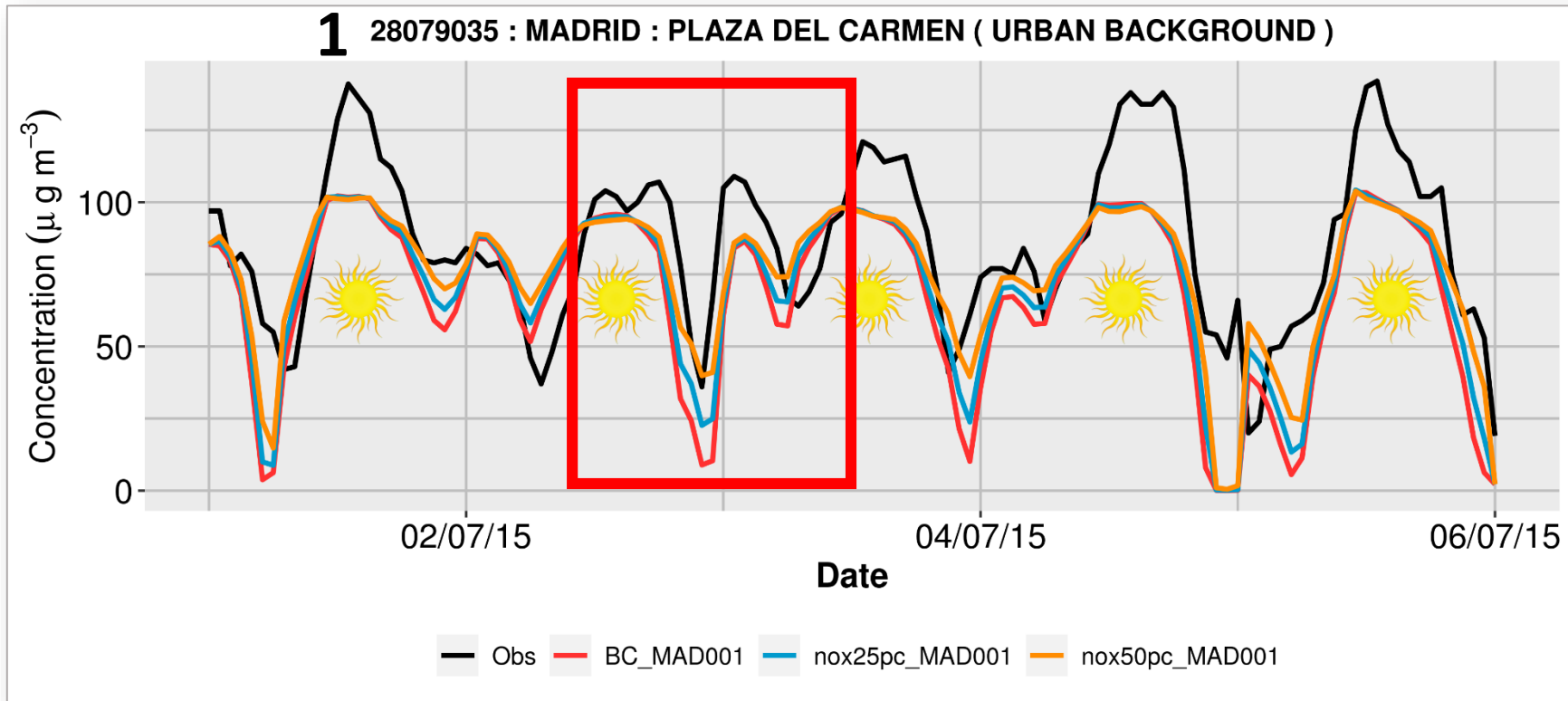


The greatest differences in concentration happen at night



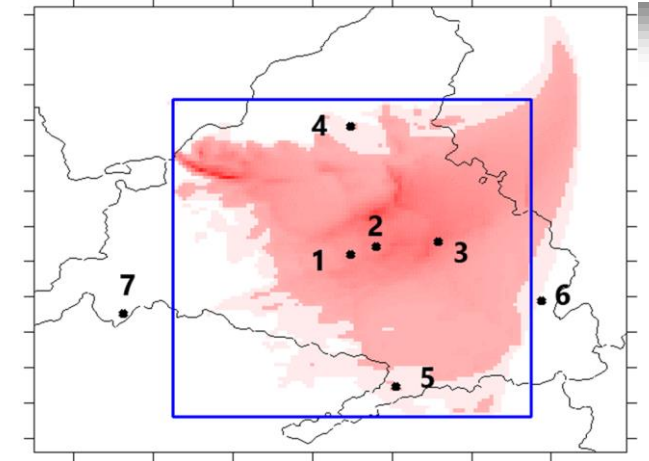
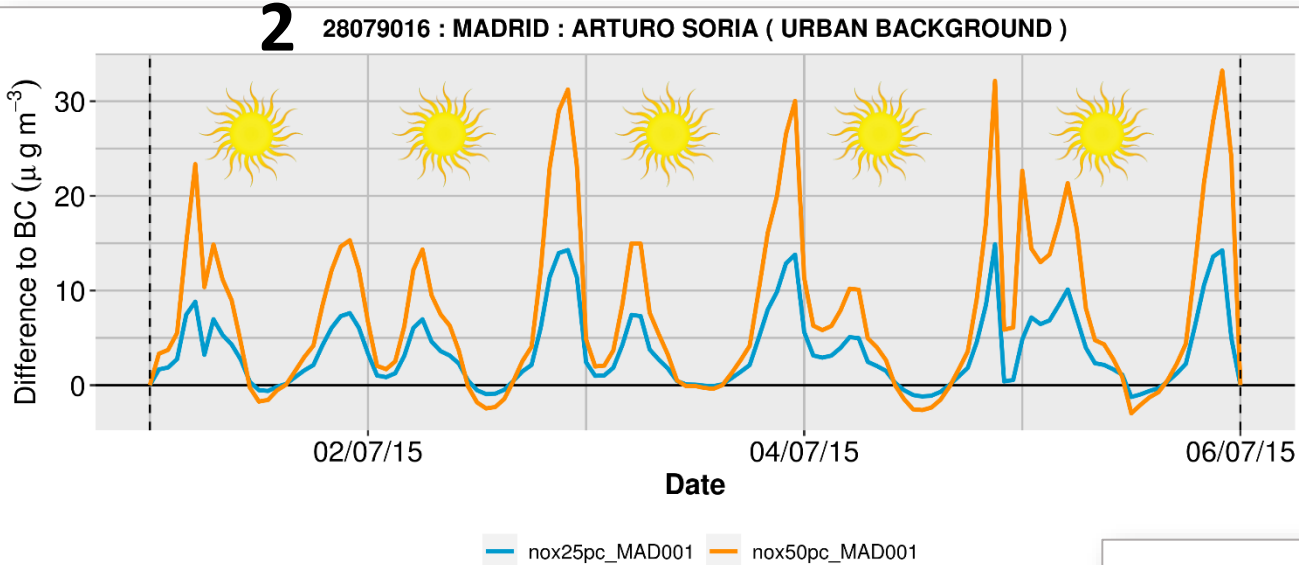
# Results: O<sub>3</sub>

## Urban background

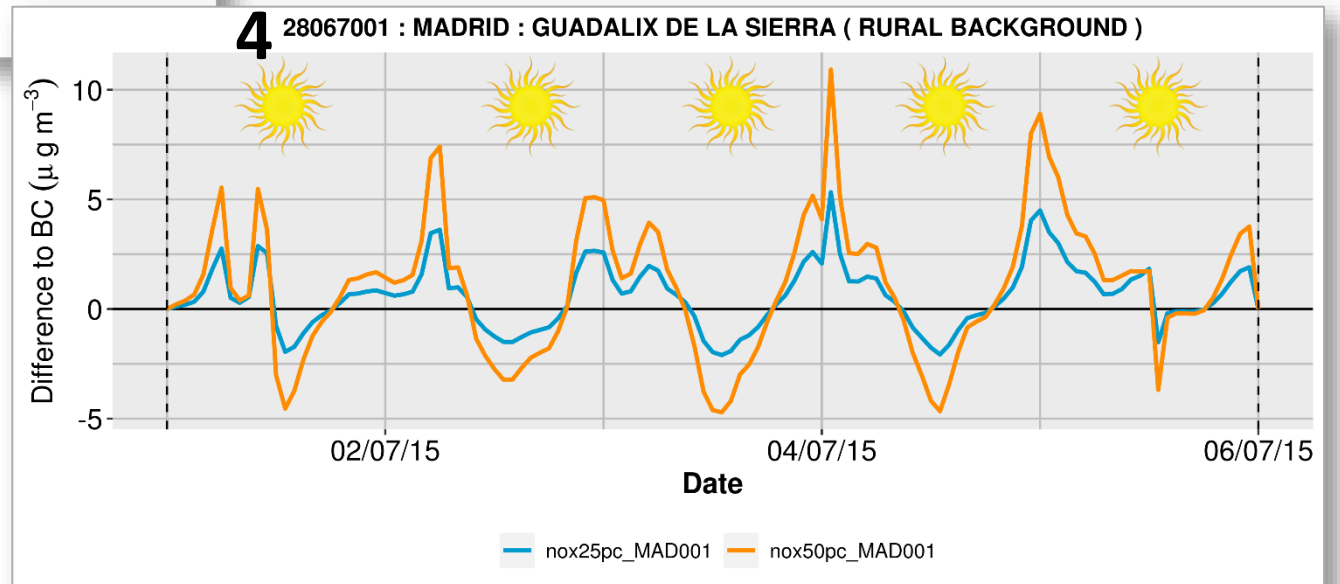


# Results: O<sub>3</sub>

## Urban background



## Rural background

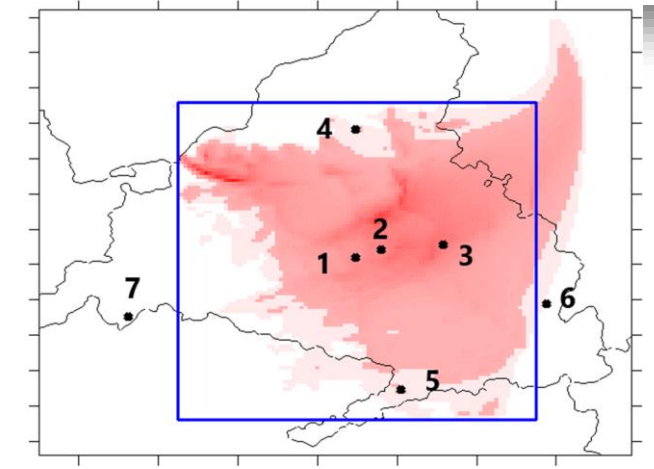
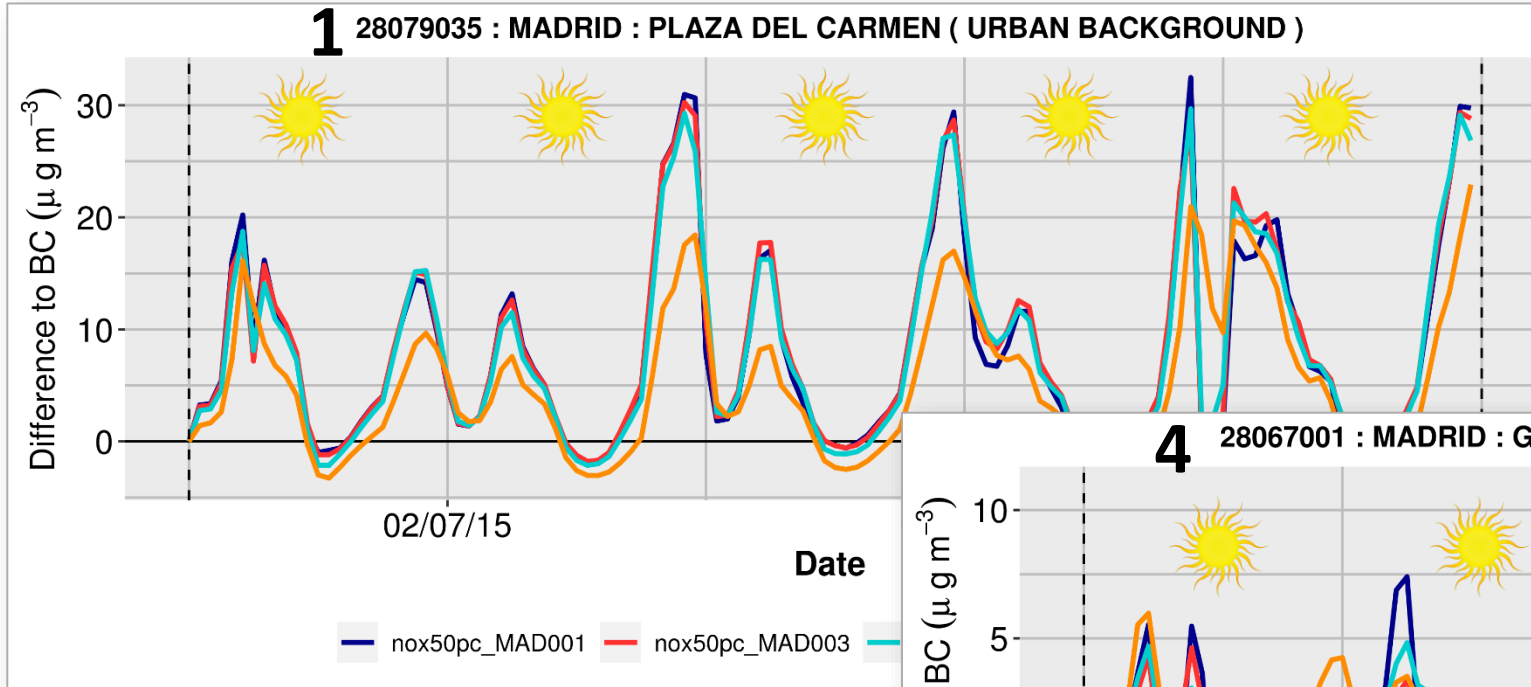


- The increase in concentration is greatest in urban areas.
- In rural areas the nocturnal increase is lower and the diurnal decrease is bigger.

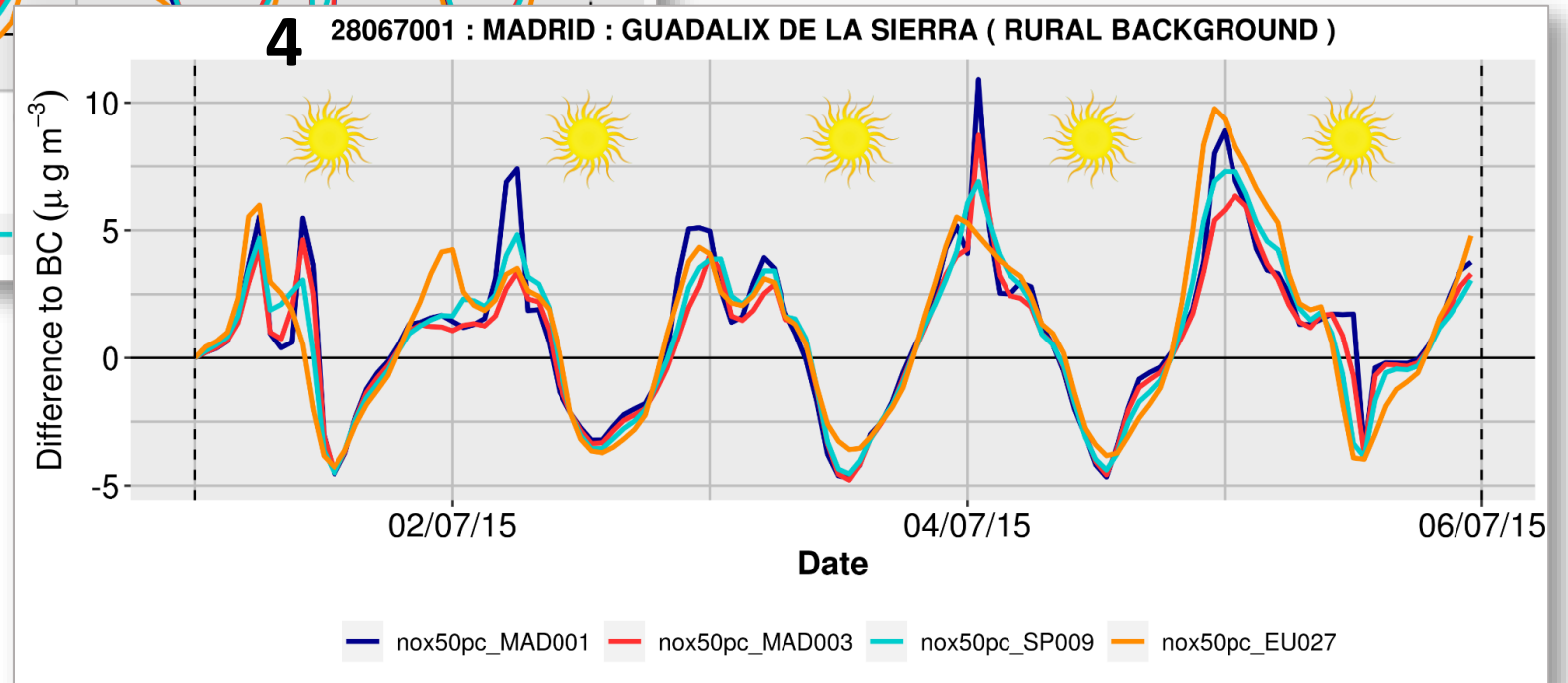
# Effect of spatial resolution on changes in $O_3$

50% reduction of  $NO_x$

Urban background



Rural background



# Conclusions and future work

- Reducing NO<sub>x</sub> emissions tends to increase nighttime O<sub>3</sub> concentrations substantially, especially in urban areas (NO titration)
- By contrast, reducing the emissions does not improve peak daytime values much in source areas (but it does outside the city)
- The effect of the emission reductions is consistent between the different spatial resolutions (except for the coarse-scale European domain).

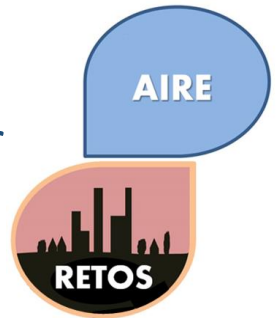
## Potential plans

- Simulate the Madrid PM<sub>2.5</sub> episode (although we tend to underestimate)?
- Rerun the simulations with CHIMERE v2020?
- Simulate the full year 2015?
- Joint analysis with other studies (Madrid O<sub>3</sub> episode 2016, National Air Pollution Control Programme..)

**Thank you for your attention**

## Acknowledgments

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