

Practical issues modelling activities at the JRC

Air quality modelling

Directorate C: Energy, Transport and Climate

Unit C.5: Air and Climate Unit

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The Air Chemistry Transport models at the JRC

- **1. EMEP model**, developed by Norwegian Meteorological Institute (https://www.emep.int/) Version rv4_34, 0.1 x 0.1.
- 2. WRF-Chem model, developed by NOAA, NCAR, PNNL, NASA and WRF-Chem community (https://ruc.noaa.gov/wrf/wrf-chem/ Version 3.9.1.
- Both models are Open Source.
- The models can run at local, regional, hemispheric and global scale (i.e. WRF-Chem).



Long-term simulations (EMEP)

Reduce emissions by 25% for one single pollutant. The same at 50% reduction.

(SOx, NOx, VOC, NH3, PPM)

8 Cities/Regions:

Madrid Berlin

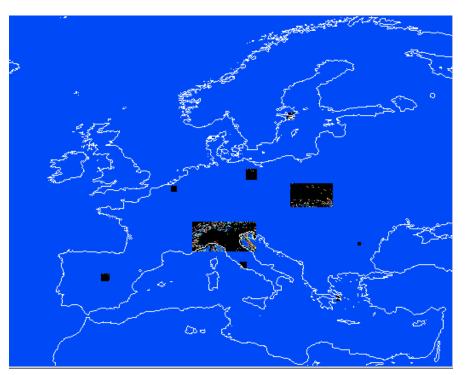
Brussels Stockholm

Rome Po Valley

Bucharest Malapolska

Emissions inventories:

- 1. Edgar V5 2015.
- 2. EMEP-GNFR, 2015.
- 3. CAMS-REG V2.2.1, 2015.
- 4. CAMS-REG V4.2 + condensables, 2015.
- 8 cities/regions x 4 species x 10 scenarios +1 Base Case = 352 separate files for concentrations per emission inventory (species: NH3, NO2, O3, PM10).
- Yearly Emission files per inventory, incl. 7 species (CO,NH3,NOX,PPM25,PPMCo,SOX,VOC).
- Monthly emissions files for Base Case per inventory.





Short-term simulations PM and O3

Reduce emissions by 25% for one single pollutant. The same at 50% reduction. (SOx, NOx, VOC, NH3, PPM)

Emission inventory:

1. Edgar V5 2015.

For PM:

19 Cities
In total 760 files for concentrations + 19 for emissions Base Case

For O3:

14 cities, 2 regions In total 64 files for concentrations + 16 for emissions Base Case

Upload everything to JRCbox:

https://jrcbox.jrc.ec.europa.eu/



Issues

- 1. Time stamp output Base Case versus Scenarios not compatible when Restart files are used.
- 2. Bug in reading Logan O3 climatology values when starting simulation 1st day of month.
- 3. For some groups inconsistencies were found between the area for which the emissions were reduced, and the area for which the emissions and concentrations were analysed. In other words, the min/max lon/lat as indicated in Table 1, Annex 2 of the CT9 document, did not agree between area emission reduction and area of analysis.



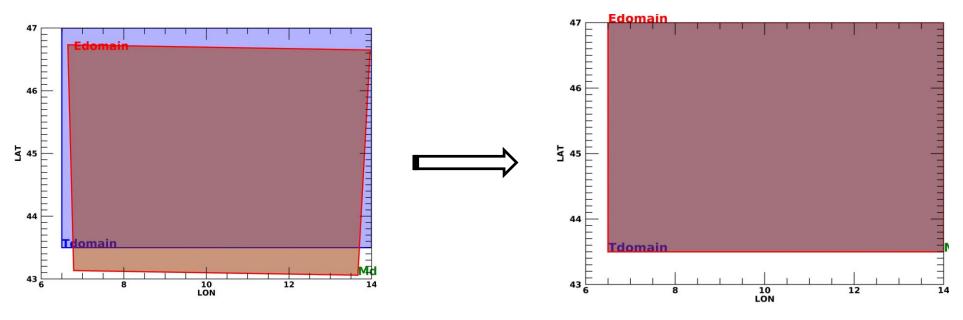
Edomain and Tdomain

Edomain is domain on which the emissions are reduced.

Tdomain is domain on comparison/analysis is made.

Tdomain should be equal to Edomain.

If there's a difference of a few grid cells between Tdomain and Edomain, then we can't make a fair analysis.





Thank you





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